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MONDAY, APRIL 30, 1951.

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Churchgoers Killed In Bus Accident

Weirton, Virginia, Apr. 29. Five persons were killed and more than 40 others injured today when a bus loaded with churchgoers ran wild down a steep hill and crashed into a concrete retaining wall.

Weirton police said the brakes of the vehicle, operated by the Pittsburgh and Weirton Bus Company, apparently failed about half-way down the mile-long grade and it began picking up speed.

Joseph Kraini, 35, the driver, moved in and out of traffic, his horn blasting, as he attempted to bring the heavy vehicle under control. He was unable to make the right angle turn at the foot of the hill and the bus crashed into the concrete wall.

Kraini was killed in the crash and his body was hurled 300 feet by the force of the impact. Most of the passengers were thrown to the front of the crumpled bus in a tangled mass.

Workers from the bus company garage, located only a few feet from the scene of the

Queuille's Challenge

Paris, Apr. 29.

The Prime Minister, M. Henri Queuille, staked the life of his Cabinet today on a National Assembly vote of confidence on the contested electoral reform bill to clear the road for nation-wide elections in June.

By demanding the vote, M. Queuille cut short an all-night session sparked by catcalls and fist fights. His move was interpreted as a final warning to the slightly modified government bill receives the required constitutional majority, the Premier and his Cabinet would resign.

By moving a question of confidence, M. Queuille also scored a tactical success by preventing a Communist manoeuvre for a man-by-man vote which would hold the bill from a final vote for a few days more. The vote will be taken at midnight Tuesday.—United Press.

Nothing To Say

Cannes, Apr. 29.

Prince Aly Khan has received no "official" word of the reported intention of his wife Rita Hayworth to get a divorce or separation from him and therefore has nothing to say, his secretary said today.—United Press.

COMMENT OF THE DAY

Newspapers And The Law

GOVERNMENT has decided to introduce an Ordinance to consolidate existing legislation controlling newspapers and other publications. That the need exists for tightening up the law is recognised. In this instance, however, the Authorities seek the power to suppress or suspend—a somewhat dangerous privilege. Government has a right to feel apprehensive about the behaviour of certain vernacular newspapers, who only too eagerly seize on malicious rumours and publish them in authoritative form. Moreover, a growing tendency is discernible of vernacular publications with distinct political leanings making use of their freedom of expression to wage a polemical war, the effect of which is calculated to inflame those sections of the population which read the journals. That the Authorities should possess substantive legal powers to deal with publishers who substitute licence for freedom of the press will not be disputed. The doubt that remains, however, is whether suppression or suspension is the correct sort of action. A tremendous onus will rest on the Crown, the magistrates and the judges in applying the proposed new law, especially when it comes to proving that a newspaper or other publication has failed to verify a story, or the facts on which a comment is based which, by its publication, is deemed to be maliciously false news. Elsewhere in

Returned To Power



MR R. G. MENZIES

Menzies Expects To Win His Objective Despite Losses

Melbourne, Apr. 29.

After a day of counting votes in the Australian General Election, the Prime Minister, Mr Robert Menzies, was tonight in sight of his objective—a majority in both the House of Representatives and Senate.

By last night his Liberal Country Party coalition seemed assured of majority in the House. Today, with four of the five million votes counted it appeared that he could expect to have 31 seats in the Senate to Labour's 29.

Key state in the election was Queensland. The other five states all locked like sending five Labour and five Government candidates each to the Senate. From Queensland, if the present trend is maintained, six Government and four Labour Senators will go to Canberra.

It was because a Labour majority in the Senate could block the Government's bills that the Prime Minister asked for the dissolution of both Houses.

MUST POLL 54.56%

To gain six of 10 Senate seats in any state, a Party must poll 54.56% of the total vote. Of the votes so far counted in Queensland the Liberal and Country Party have polled 54.5 per cent.

A State by State position of the parties was:

New South Wales—Government, 23; Labour 22, Doubtful 2.

Victoria—Government 18, Labour 15, Doubtful 2.

South Australia—Government 5, Labour 3, Doubtful 0.

Western Australia—Government 5, Labour 2, Doubtful 1.

Tasmania—Government 3, Labour 1, Doubtful 1.

—

W. Germans Go To The Polls

Frankfurt, Apr. 29.

West German voters went to the polls today in two of the Federal Republic's 11 States to cast ballots expected to show a further decline in popular favour of Chancellor Konrad Adenauer's Right Wing coalition government.

In the French-Zone state of Rhineland-Palatinate, about 35 per cent of 2,013,500 eligible voters braved occasional showers by noon to cast votes for the new 100-member State Assembly.

Twenty-seven per cent of 1,700,000 eligible voters in the British-Zone state of Schleswig-Holstein turned out by noon to elect 1,362 new Municipal Councils and 21 County Councils.

Results in the heavily Catholic wine-growing state of Rhineland-Palatinate will be particularly closely watched for indications of a trend away from Dr Adenauer. Although the Socialist Opposition leader, Dr Kurt Schumacher, had worked hard to make the Schuman Plan as burning an issue today as rearmament was in the State elections six months ago, the growing swell against Dr Adenauer is believed to express more general dissatisfaction with the government's faltering economic policy.

The Socialists, campaigning on a platform opposing German rearmament and the Schuman Plan to pool Europe's coal and steel, held the lead in the Rhineland-Palatinate returns as expected.

Returns from 551 precincts gave the Socialists 40.12%, the Christian Democrats 47.81%, Free Democratic Party 20.00% and the Communists 3.21%. The showy, cool weather kept many of the eligible voters home.—United Press.

Outflanking Threat To Seoul By Communists SEEK CITY'S CAPTURE BY MAY 1

Chinese Communists slashed southward to the Han River on Sunday in a 35-mile advance into central Korea that threatened to outflank almost deserted Seoul. Other Communist forces were surging down from the north and northwest toward the Allies dug in behind barbed wire entanglements four miles or less from the capital.

Lieut. Gen. James A. Van Fleet, Commander of the international Eighth Army, said his men would fight to thwart the Communist plans to capture Seoul by May Day—Communist international holiday. He warned that the Communists were massing

300,000 more men for the new assaults, but declared that the Reds had lost the first round of their week-old 300,000-man spring offensive at the cost of 70,000 casualties.

The Chinese on the west central front 20 miles east of Seoul moved swiftly through the no-man's land created by the deep Allied withdrawal, and slammed 150-mm artillery shells into the United Nations positions on the Han River.

Several sharp infantry engagements were reported as the Communists made the deepest penetration into south Korean territory since the offensive started a week ago. The heaviest fighting was near the confluence of the Han and Pukhan Rivers, 20 miles east of the capital.

There was a lull in the immediate Seoul area as the Allies dug in for an expected siege of the capital city. Both land and airborne artillery and planes were preparing for the Chinese siege armada.

The Allied troops were behind barbed wire entanglements that would slow up the Communists' "human" sea tactics, while a ring of artillery would inflict enormous losses on the Reds.

Communist vehicles flooding North Korean roads with supply traffic received the greatest blows of the war from Allied night-flying aircraft on Sunday night, a Fifth Air Force summary said today.

Allied fighters and light bombers flew more than 100 sorties during the night. Sighting a record 3,360 vehicles on the move in all parts of Communist-held Korea, the planes bombed and strafed more than 1,000 of them and claimed at least 240 destroyed or damaged.

Most Air crews, however, said they knocked out many more but could not confirm them because of darkness.

At least 1,000 of the vehicles were sighted in buildup areas immediately behind the battle-lines with the largest concentrations in the west, where the battle for Seoul is just beginning.

About 200 were sighted near Uijongbu and about the same number across the Parallel at Namchonjom in the same highway net. At least 850 vehicles were sighted farther north of the roads from Bucheon to Sarion, and another 500 were between Sarion and the immediate frontline area. In daylight sorties on Sunday, the Fifth Air Force, in its first good day since Thursday, claimed approximately 900 enemy troops killed or wounded. Six hundred sorties were flown on Sunday.

Human streams of refugees crossed the Han on home-made ferries from Seoul or balanced precariously on floating wooden footbridges. The moaning of women and the crying of babies on their backs were common around the bridges.

The Eighth Army held strongly prepared defensive positions along the entire 85-mile front and Gen. Van Fleet's announcement indicated that the Allied withdrawals had come to an end—at least for the present.

He said, "I can't say I will or won't stop him [enemy] north of the Han. But we are in good positions on good defensive terrain in the Seoul area."

Major-General William Hoge, Commander of the United States Ninth Corps, pointed out to newsmen that the Chinese so far had committed only part of their force and that the holding of the Han River line "depends on what is thrown at us."

The Seoul area was quiet as darkness fell on Sunday evening except for the thunder of artillery and the howl of big bombs lobbed into Communist positions by the big guns of the heavy cruiser, Toledo, nearly 20 miles away.

Sunday night's Eighth Army communiqué disclosed a fire fight near Seoul on Saturday night. It said that two friendly companies surrounded by the Communists northwest of the city were rescued and brought

Tokyo, Apr. 30.

Preparations were made tonight to remove the crew of the grounded Japanese freighter Kenkoku Maru, by breeches buoy as high winds and heavy seas threatened to break up the vessel. The breeches buoy equipment was dispatched from the Point area, after the Coast Guard received a radio message from the ship's master. There were 54 Japanese crew members aboard.

Efforts by two Coast Guard tugs and two commercial tugs to free the stranded ship at high tides on Saturday night and Sunday were not successful. The tugs were to try again later on Sunday, but the Coastguard expressed fears that Sunday night's high tide, expected to be only .2 feet higher than the 4.7-foot tide on Sunday morning, would be insufficient to free the vessel.—United Press.

Stranded Crew In Danger

Stewart Point, Calif., Apr. 29.

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Vietminh Rebels Defeated

Saigon, Apr. 29.

French forces killed 120 Vietminh guerrillas, captured 70 more and captured tons of ammunition, armament factories and supply depots during a four-day sweep across the Plain des Jons, about 30 miles west of Saigon, an Army source claimed here today.

Two strong infantry detachments with amphibious vehicles and artillery, air and naval forces took part in the operation across the mosquito-ridden, marshy area.

The sweep had four objectives:

1. To destroy a Vietminh regiment armed with heavy weapons which was entrenched in fortified villages.

2. The establishment of new French military posts in the region hitherto overrun by guerrillas.

3. To improve communications to West Cochinchina.

4. To free important commercial waterways in the Plain des Jons from rebel threats.

This old not include thousands of Chinese Communists wounded by the Brigade and by New Zealanders and Americans.

General Hoge said that the Chinese Communists probed for a weak spot in the United Nations lines, found it north of Kapyong and punched hard.

Reports reaching here showed that at the cost of very heavy casualties the 29th Brigade stopped the full weight of the Chinese attack down the main corridor towards Seoul.

North of Kapyong the 27th Brigade was rushed into action to stop a dangerous breakthrough where the South Koreans had collapsed.

The 27th Brigade also suffered but like the 29th stood firm and fought the Communists to a standstill before itself withdrawing in conformity with the tactical plan of the United Nations Commander.

Turks and Belgians joined in actions which will make regimental history.—Reuter.

British Troops' Heroic Action

On The Korean Front,

Apr. 29.

The first clear reports of how the Communist armed in Korea crashed and broke against two British brigades began to filter through tonight.

Major-General William Hoge, American Ninth Corps Commander, today described the British 27th Brigade's action in plugging a 10-mile wide gap in the United Nations line north of Kapyong last week as "superb".

Australian troops and Canadians who bore the brunt of the Chinese onslaught in that sector had in his opinion killed as many Chinese Communists as the combined strength of two Commonwealth battalions.

This did not include thousands of Chinese Communists wounded by the Brigade and by New Zealanders and Americans.

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Back to the United Nations lines by a task force on Sunday morning. It said the patrol in the area counted 900 Communist heads.

SHARP STRIKE

United Press correspondent William Burson reported from the west central front that the Communist troops struck sharply at the Allied forces dug in on the north bank of the river. In one hour-long battle, 40 to 50 Communists were killed as they tried to storm Allied positions with rifles, machineguns and grenades.

Chinese mortars and artillery also harassed Allied lines.

Allied patrols probing out north of the new United Nations positions contacted the Communists east of abandoned Chunchon on Sunday, but found no indication that the Reds had

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a larger engine gives more power, brilliant performance, improved torque at slow speeds—yet running costs are as low as ever. Important improvements to suspension and new cushion tyres ensure a smoother ride under all conditions with increased comfort for the occupants. Maximum safety is assured with Lockheed Hydraulic two-leading-shoe brakes.

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PRINCESS SALUTED BY ITALIAN PREMIER**Shawcross' Formula For World Peace****Realistic Approach To Problems**

Stockton-on-Tees,

Apr. 29.

Sir Hartley Shawcross, Britain's newly appointed President of the Board of Trade, said here today that Britain must seek to change the policy of the Communist States "by showing at once our strength — and our good faith."

In an appeal to an end to a world situation which diverted the resources of the world to armaments instead of the welfare of mankind, he declared: "We must go forward with Europe, with our Commonwealth, with America, in making ourselves so strong that we can resist attack."

"But, at the same time, with our growing military power, strengthening our influence in negotiation, we shall pursue a vigorous and positive policy for peace."

"We know very well that anti-Communism and rearmament are in themselves negative policies," he added. "Taken alone they are not enough. We want to come to grips with the real problems — social, political and economic — which divide the world."

"Grave as they are, there is not one which cannot be solved by quiet discussion round a table. That is what we want. Not propaganda battles about bogus problems put up for the purpose, not a manoeuvring for position, one against the other, but a frank and realistic approach to the problems, not embarrassed by too much publicity, in which each side is prepared for a reasonable amount of give and take." — Reuter.

Storm Brews Over Ceilings On Meat

Washington, Apr. 29.

The United States Government braced itself today for a storm of criticism from cattle State Congressmen who oppose new ceilings on beef prices. Some officials feared the action of the Price Stabilizer, Mr Michael DiSalle, might provoke a meat-strike-by-ranchers which might cost Mr DiSalle his job.

Wholesale ceilings are scheduled to go into effect on May 9 and retail ceilings on May 14. Experts differ on just what would happen to prices in the meantime. Some experts expect merchants to raise prices as high as possible to realize the greatest possible income before ceilings go into effect. Others, however, predict that packers, anxious to take advantage of the few days' grace, would rush so much meat to market the glut would force merchants to lower prices.

Mr DiSalle was reported ready to send scores of investigators into the stockyards to make sure orders are obeyed and black-marketing prevented. Meat mechanics were quick to attack the new order and warned of the meat shortages and a return to the black markets and "meatless" of World War II — United Press.

POP**SCIENTIST'S CAVEMAN THEORY****Community Digging Project**

Bulandshahr, Apr. 29.

The Prime Minister of India, Pandit Nehru, spade in hand, led a volunteer brigade of villagers who today began digging a nine-mile channel to reclaim low-lying land for crops.

Mr Nehru dug a few yards of dry hard earth to inaugurate the community digging. Among those who joined him were the President of the Congress Party, 72-year-old Mr Purshotamdas Tatyasaheb and several Ministers of the Uttar Pradesh (United Provinces) Government.

The digging was at the village of Hazratpur, 10 miles from Bulandshahr, on the western border of the United Provinces midway between Aligarh and Meerut.

The channel, when completed, will drain the flood water during the rains.

Speaking to the villagers after the inauguration, Mr Nehru referred to "near-famine conditions" in the provinces of Bihar and Madras, and asked them to try to increase food production as far as it lay in their power.

When war clouds were thickening on the horizon, Indians must not depend on outside help but must rely on themselves to fulfil their own basic needs, he said.

Mr Nehru has been on a two-day visit to Bulandshahr to attend meetings of the Congress Party of Uttar Pradesh, his home province. — Reuter.

Tragedy In U.S. Zone

Frankfurt, Apr. 29.

The German police today found the bodies of Necati Cakir, identified as a Turkish newspaper correspondent, his wife and six-year-old twin children in the gas-filled kitchen of their home.

The kitchen had been sealed to prevent gas escaping and empty sleeping tablet containers were found on the floor. Two school books were found on the kitchen table with a note requesting that they be returned to the school. There was no suicide note.

The U.S. Army Press Centre, which accredits all foreign correspondents in the U.S. Zone of Germany, said records showed Cakir was correspondent for the Turkey Itibat Mecmua. His wife was German. — United Press.

Tokyo, Apr. 29.

Major Japanese political parties tonight wound up a one-month campaign for the second and crucial round of the nationwide local elections in a blaze of loudspeakers and election promises.

Japanese voters will go to the polls on Monday for the second consecutive week, this time to elect governors in 34 prefectures and assemblies in all 46 Japanese prefectures.

Election officials predict heavy balloting, rivalling the 91 per cent turn-out of last Monday.

The major issue in the elections is the question of a bi-lateral peace treaty with the United States and other Allied countries and the problem of furnishing military bases in Japan to the United States in return for American protection. — United Press.

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**Hunt For Sub.
Continuing**

Chatham, Apr. 29. Wives and relatives of the 75 men lost recently in the British submarine *Affray* attended a memorial service at the Royal Naval Barracks here today.

Search ships are still looking for the *Affray*, which disappeared in the English Channel 12 days ago after a routine dive. The search may continue for months. — Reuter.

**CABINET
TO MEET
ON IRAN**

London, Apr. 29. The Cabinet will today consider the action of the Iranian Majlis in nationalising the oil industry and a strong representation may be made to the Shah of Iran, diplomatic quarters said today.

The Government here is maintaining complete official silence regarding latest developments in Iran, but the Foreign Office is known to be in continuous exchange with the British Ambassador in Teheran, Sir Francis Shepherd.

One official said today that Britain considered any unilateral denunciation of the oil agreement with the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company illegal. Sir Francis might make that view known in a personal audience with the Shah, who must approve any nationalisation action.

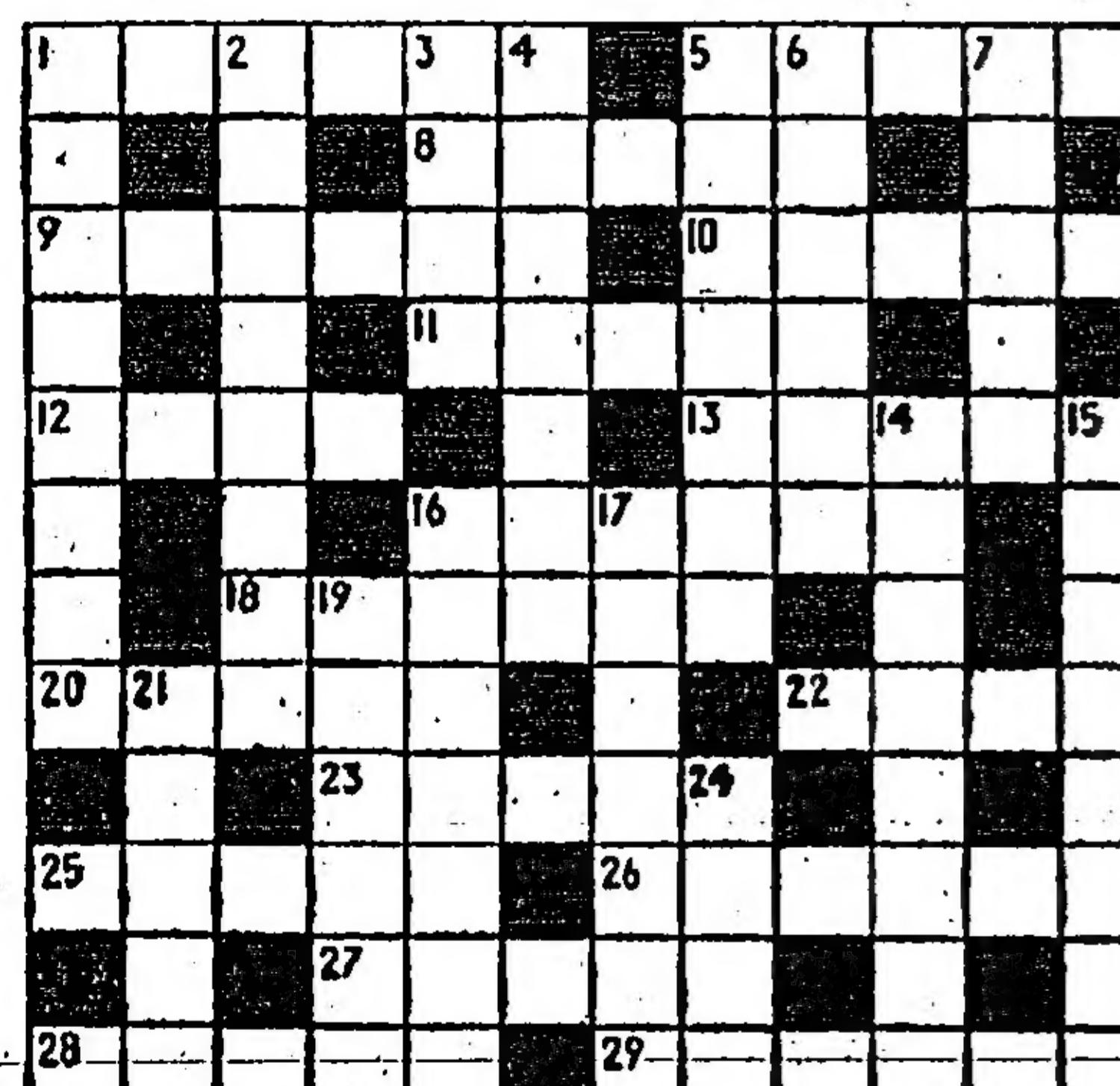
The British were known to have been urged by the United States to accept nationalisation and then try to make the best possible deal with Iran, but diplomatic quarters said today that it was putting the cart before the horse—that some arrangement should be worked out in advance before Britain could give her consent to nationalisation as required under the terms of the contract. —United Press.

**Detention Of
Israeli MP**

New York, Apr. 29. Ben Aliezer, a member of the Israeli Parliament, and his wife, Judith, were detained by immigration officials on their arrival here by air today.

They were sent to Ellis Island for further examination.

Ben Aliezer and his wife flew here from Israel by way of Paris. They were questioned for several hours before being taken to Ellis Island. Ben Aliezer had come to speak on the relief and rehabilitation of Jewish war veterans. —Reuter.

A British Crossword Puzzle

SATURDAY CROSSWORD. — Across: 1. Repeat aloud (6). 2. Sacred song (5). 3. Precincts (5). 4. Threaten (6). 5. Wine (5). 6. Retinax (5). 7. Necessity (4). 8. Golds (5). 9. Refer (6). 10. Barbarian (6). 11. Badge (5). 12. Party (4). 13. Conspiracies (5). 14. Jollifications (5). 15. Inocerate (6). 16. Bird (5). 17. Movie lightly (5). 18. Miki (6).
Down: 1. Passionate (8). 2. Imagine (8). 3. Diplomacy (4). 4. Gem (7). 5. Contemplete (7). 6. Polled with stones (6). 7. Permisson (5). 8. Apartment house (8). 9. Judgment (8). 10. Horny projections (7). 11. Durable (7). 12. Appearance (8). 13. Drive back (5). 14. Cut (4).

**ITALY WEEDING
REDS OUT OF
CONSCRIPT ARMY**

Rome, Apr. 29. There are 25,000 Communists in the Italian army, representing 15 percent of its total strength, official sources revealed.

The sources said the heavy influx of conscripts makes it difficult to weed out party members from army ranks but Italian officials do not believe they are a danger.

"Most of them are Communists in name," one official said.

The army is limited to 250,000 men by the Italian peace treaty but that figure includes 75,000 Carabinieri, or federal police. The 175,000-man army takes in about 60,000 conscripts a year, of which many are Communists. The Carabinieri long ago weeded out Communists or leftist sympathizers. The navy and air force, limited to 25,000 men each, have also been able to make tight political screenings.

The problem of Communism in the army has received much attention in top Western planning. But no one in the Italian army or Interior Ministry, which controls the police, believes the Communist soldiers represent a danger.

The officials are worried chiefly about the Communists outside the army—particularly those working in big industrial plants. One official said many of the army conscripts come from small towns which are in the control of the Communists and the youths become Communists "just as a matter of course."

"In the army, they learn to think a little for themselves and we are quite pleased with the number that forget all about Communism at the end of their time in the army," he said.

CONVERTED

Police authorities regard these Communists as almost no problem at all. Local police report to the army on every conscript and every town has a police register of Communist Party members or followers.

When a Communist enters the army, he gets special supervision and is watched closely until officials determine whether he is a real militant party member or just a Communist in name only. Special officers then take up the task of converting them.

No effort is made to segregate the Communists in the army since military officials believe the best way to convert them is to have them live with non-Communists.

Western officials who did not wish to be identified believe the army is handling the Communist problem well.

"Most of these young Communists are illiterate," one authoritative observer said. "After they got three good meals a day and some decent clothes, they are pretty safe as far as the Government is concerned. But the army is careful about the majority of them." —United Press.

**"MONTY"
SHOCKED
BRADLEY**

New York, Apr. 29. Field-Marshal Viscount Montgomery's plan for the 1944 Arnhem drop was "one of the most imaginative of the war," General Omar Bradley, chairman of the U.S. Joint Chiefs-of-Staff, says in today's instalment of his book, "A Soldier's Story."

He goes on: "Had the pious, teetotaling Montgomery wobbled into S.H.A.E.F. with a hangover I could not have been more astonished than I was by the daring adventure he proposed."

Although General Bradley—the U.S. Ground Commander in Europe—and other American commanders favoured alternative routes, General Eisenhower, he says, accepted Montgomery's scheme as a "safe gamble."

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The officials are worried chiefly about the Communists outside the army—particularly those working in big industrial plants. One official said many of the army conscripts come from small towns which are in the control of the Communists and the youths become Communists "just as a matter of course."

"In the army, they learn to think a little for themselves and we are quite pleased with the number that forget all about Communism at the end of their time in the army," he said.

No effort is made to segregate the Communists in the army since military officials believe the best way to convert them is to have them live with non-Communists.

Western officials who did not wish to be identified believe the army is handling the Communist problem well.

"Most of these young Communists are illiterate," one authoritative observer said. "After they got three good meals a day and some decent clothes, they are pretty safe as far as the Government is concerned. But the army is careful about the majority of them." —United Press.

The new possible role of the 200-inch Hale telescope, the largest in the world and the "eye" that can look 1,000 million light years into space, was reported by Dr Irvin Bowen, director of the Mount Wilson and Palomar observatories, Pasadena, California.

He told the annual meeting of the National Academy of Sciences that the mountain top telescope is hard at work these days after its final polishing job, and new delicate auxiliary equipment including spectrographic devices have been added to assist the "Big Eye" in its scanning of far-off heavens. The telescope is named for the famed astronomer, Dr George Hale.

Dr Bowen said: "The question of the chemical composition of the stars and other astronomical objects is becoming of increasing importance because of recent advances in nuclear physics."

Up to the creation of the 200-inch telescope there was no "tool" available to make a comprehensive study of the stars in action. He reported the "Big Eye" had already trained on rarer clouds of gas surrounding hot stars in far off distances and spectrographs of clouds are being used for study of chemical composition of gases and for analysis of internal motions of gaseous envelopes.

The importance of the work with the 200-inch telescope in a study of the action of stars can be linked with the work of H-bomb scientists because in the exploding of a hydrogen bomb—transmutation of hydrogen into helium—the action of the sun and stars is actually duplicated on earth and with the resultant release of energy many times more powerful and deadly than radiation emitted from the atomic fission bomb.

Dr Bowen estimated the life of the "Big Eye" as a research tool will continue for 50 to 100 years to come. He said: "The complete story of the Palomar observatory and its accomplishments can only be told after the labours of many generations of astronomers have been completed." —United Press.

This is the seventh committee set up by the Conference to consider production and distribution of strategic materials.

The countries taking part will be: Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, France, Western Germany, Italy, Holland, Norway, Sweden, Britain, and the United States. —Reuter.

The men, members of labour groups affiliated to the National Federation of Metal Miners' Union, are demanding 9,000 yen (4.89) a month bonus but the management is offering 4,000 yen.

Japanese Press reports said

today that the strike would seriously affect production in chemical fibers, chemicals and fertilisers, but industries using copper and lead would not suffer so seriously because they have stockpiles. —Reuter.

He said: "It is very important that the American people be made aware of what can happen." He stopped, reached out for his wife's hand, held it tight and continued, "I feel that every individual American should realise what happened to me as an individual could happen to anyone. We should all band together and destroy those obstacles to individual freedom and independence and the liberty and right of person to go where he wants to go, to see what he wants to see, to say what he wants without hindrance by the authority or police and be able to go to bed with an easy feeling, not thinking that he will be taken away in the middle of the night from his family and to a prison."

Vogeler said he was going to take his family to the United States soon. He said his sons, Bobby, 11, and Billy, nine, want to see a baseball game. Vogeler went to bed at one and woke at six although he had been given a strong sedative.

Vogeler's wife said he was

suffering badly from shock. She said: "He used to be so proud that he was sometimes impossible. Now he is just like a baby and always wants to hold my hand."

Robert Vogeler, still suffering from shock from his 17-month ordeal in a Hungarian prison, told Americans today that "God gave us the mission" to destroy Communism before all the world lost its freedom.

His eyes red-rimmed from lack of sleep, his hands clasped to keep them from shaking, the 39-year-old American businessman sat in a tremulous voice,

"What happened to me could happen to anyone. I feel that every American individual should realise that."

Vogeler was released at the Hungarian border on Saturday and within two hours was at his Vienna home where his beautiful blonde wife and two small sons have been waiting for him since late in 1949. But 24 hours later in a spacious garden behind the house he was still bewildered. His voice choked with emotion. Time and again he had to squeeze his wife's hand to assure himself that he was no longer dreaming in solitary confinement. Some of his sentences were not clear. He would not allow anyone, even his children, to stand behind him.

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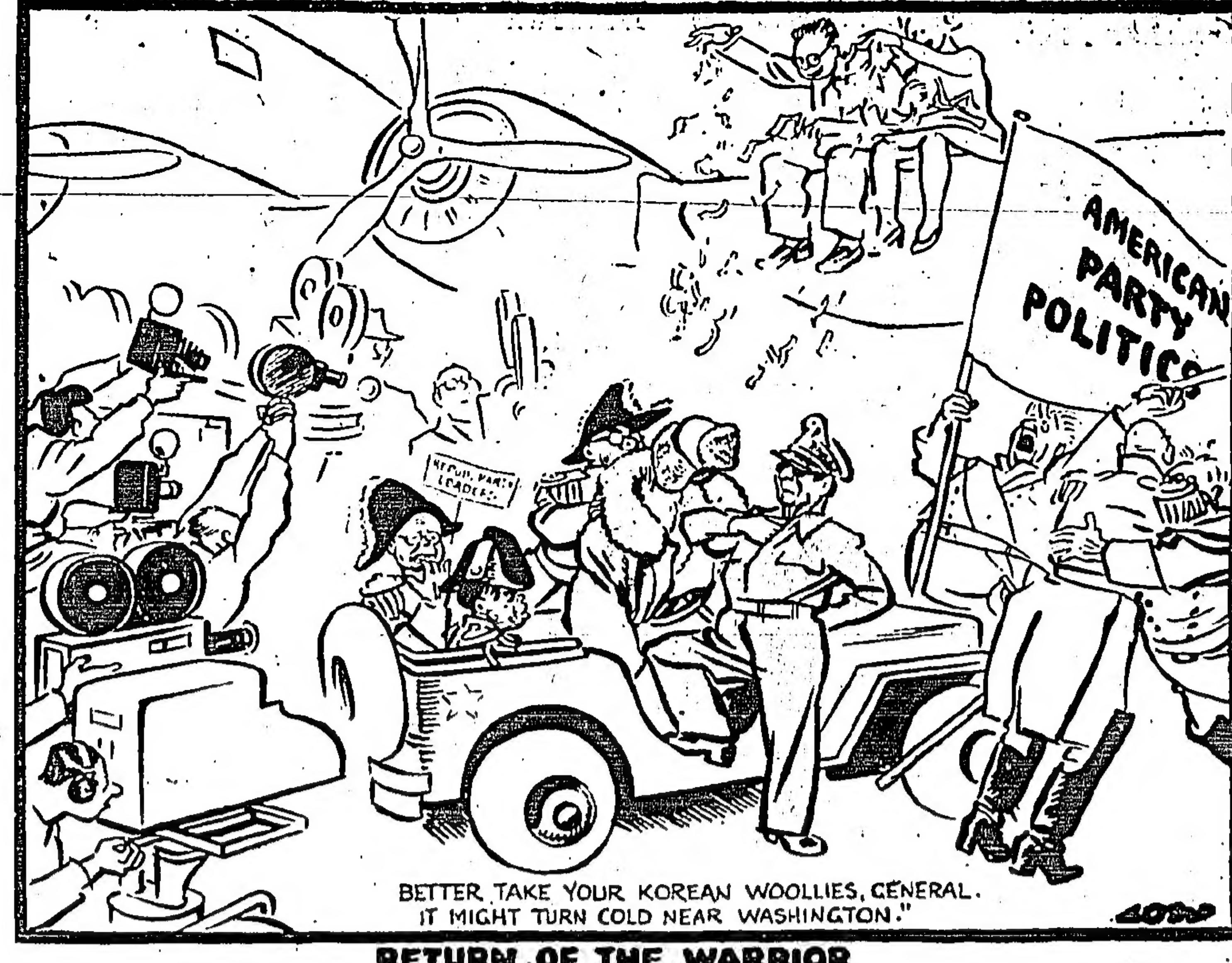


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RETURN OF THE WARRIOR

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MISS MENUHIN IS GLAD SHE'S MRS NICHOLAS...

By EVELYN IRONS

OFF from London to Paris soon to give three concerts with brother Yehudi is pianist Hephzibah Menuhin, 31 next month. But what a pity, she thinks, that this will prevent her from going to Scotland with her husband to buy an Aberdeen Angus bull.

Thirteen years ago, this pocket-size blonde with the deep blue eyes, the pale face and the bright, brisk and practical manner threw up an already brilliant career in music to marry Australian Lindsay Nicholas and

Does Mrs Nicholas, playing the busy housewife and mother, ever pine for the glitter of the concert pianist's life? Does she miss the applause, the adulation and the bouquets that come the way of Hephzibah Menuhin?

'SO HAPPY'

"NEVER for one minute," she says in the slight Australian accent she has acquired (she speaks Russian, French, German, Italian and Spanish as well). "I have never been so happy in my life. Look at my husband—he is a happy and contented man. Isn't that the greatest success anyone could wish for?"

She certainly does not miss the money. She and Yehudi can, it is true, earn around

says, being brought up in either faith, but will choose their own when they are old enough.

What is the year's biggest excitement on the farm that is three miles from the nearest neighbour, 17 miles from the nearest small town? Says Hephzibah, "The Woolshed Ball". To the Nicholas's woolshed come 600 neighbours and their children from a radius of 200 miles around. Hephzibah is busy for days beforehand making preparations which include a heady wine cup called Jungle Juice to sell at 6d. a glass. Proceeds go to her dearest project—the children's travelling library of 4,000 books which she runs herself.

PLAYED AT 4

HEPHZIBAH enjoys concerts, loves the theatre; in London she has been out every night. Her taste—serious ("The Concert excited me so much I couldn't sleep afterwards")

But at home Mrs Nicholas is content to go to bed at 10.30 and rise at 7 each morning.

There is a fortuitously film show at the Nicholas's farm, to which all the neighbours are invited.

Most evenings there is music, usually from the family's vast collection of gramophone records. Sometimes Mr Nicholas plays the organ and his wife plays the piano. Since music ceased to be her work she finds she enjoys it infinitely more.

"But I don't practise," says Yehudi's sister, "Only once a year or so when I am giving a concert, I put in a spell of five hours a day at the piano."

Although their mother played the piano at four and their uncle Yehudi clattered for his first violin at three, neither of the two Nicholas boys

PUZZLED

MANY people have puzzled vainly over the sudden outcrop of musical genius in these children of poor parents who originally came from South Russia and emigrated from Palestine to San Francisco. But there is no mystery about where Hephzibah got the ideas which led her to what most would call the wilderness. Her affinities are with the Kibbutzim of her ancestral Israel.

"I believe in community living—and that doesn't mean Communism," she says. "It means groups of people living together for the common good, eating and working communally. I believe that the two countries of the future are Israel and Australia."

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THE SOCIALISTS SING IT BETTER

YESTERDAY on the day that Parliament assembled after the Socialist sweep in 1945 the Socialists sang that dirge in the sacred Chamber of the House of Commons. In fairness let us hope that the President and his lady both had tears in their eyes, for then they may not have noticed on one wall of the gallery was a gigantic painting of Waterloo and a companion painting on the other wall of Trafalgar.

OH, BE SWIFT, MY SOUL, TO ANSWER...

IT would not be right in this review of national musical expression to leave out the Americans even if it were possible to omit the Americans in anything these days.

Their "Battle Song of the Republic" to which the Northerners marched in the Civil War, is only second in greatness to "La Marseillaise." Few of us who were at the unveiling of President Roosevelt's statue in Grosvenor square will ever forget hearing those words sung in the vast quiet of that morning.

He hath sounded forth the trumpet that shall never call retreat; He is stirring up the hearts of men before His judgment seat;

Oh, be swift, my soul, to answer Him; be jubilant, my feet! Our God is marching on.

Shakespeare himself would have rejoiced in that phrase, "be jubilant, my feet." That flame still burns in the spirit of America even if its tunes have changed.

—(London Express Service.)

Beverley Baxter

When men sing, the heart of a nation is stirred

YOU may not be aware of it but the Arts Council has something very special up its sleeve. On June 1 there is to be a concert "unlike any other in the whole Festival Programme."

The event is to be called "Singing Englishmen." Thus does England make reply to Wales and Edinburgh.

The choristers are to be ordinary men and women chosen from the workers, and the songs will be gathered from the past. Herbert Morrison is particularly enthusiastic because, according to the official announcement, it seems that in the bad old days of Tory misrule our grandfathers and grandmothers sang at their work and in their private affairs.

AN ELEMENT OF DOUBT HERE

MORRISON wants to recover that spirit, if it is not too late. Perhaps it is this element of doubt which has caused him to book it for St. Pancras Town Hall rather than in the Festival Hall.

It is well known that a nation's songs are more important than its laws. On that fatal day in 1941 when Yugoslavia overthrew its faint-hearted leaders and defied Germany, I called at the Legation in London to pay my respects to the Minister and his wife.

They told me then that the peasants so loved their songs extolling love and pride of country that they would never bow down to a conqueror.

They still sing them in Yugoslavia, and the sound is carried on the wind even to the secret places of the Kremlin.

The worst of all attempts to create a rabble-rousing anthem is "The Red Flag." Bernard Shaw described it musically as being only fit for a funeral march for a frieze-faced eel.

This was rather hard on the nice old German who wrote it, but how was he to know that his Christmas carol, "Tannenbaum" with its gentle words, "O Christmas Tree, O Christmas Tree, you do not bloom in winter alone," would become the anthem of red revolution?

If anything the words of "The Red Flag" are even more feeble. How would you like to stand up with clenched fist and distended nostrils and sing:

Look round, the Frenchmen loves its blaze,
The sturdy German chants its praise,
In Moscow's vaults its hymns are sung,
Chicago swells the urging song.
Shades of Colonel McCormick!

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—(London Express Service.)

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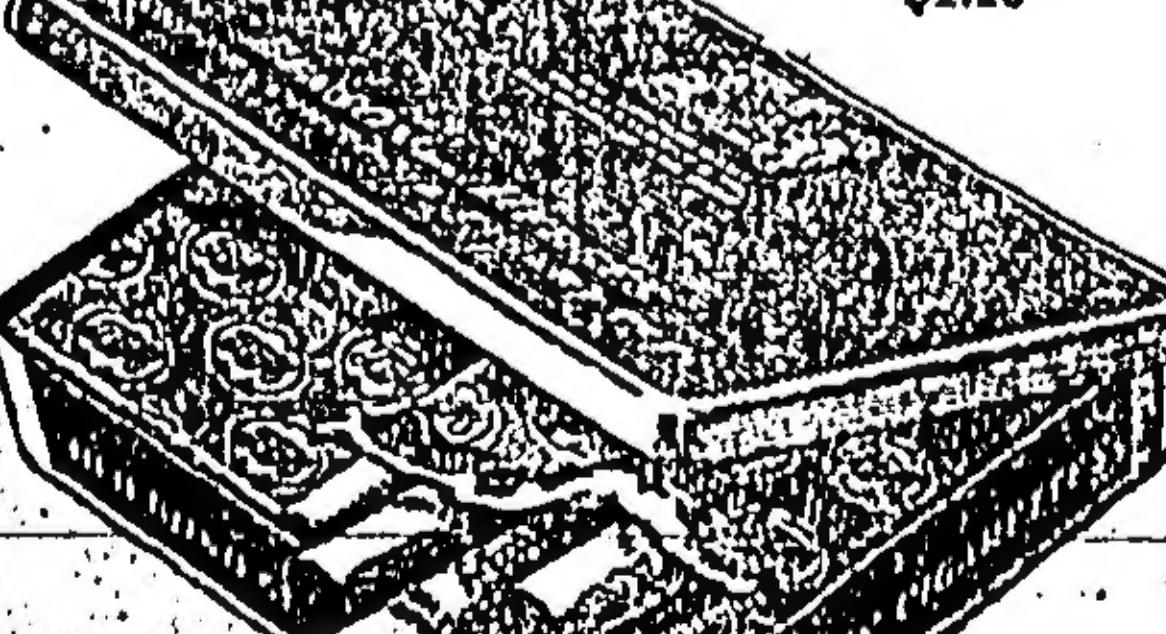
Mrs. Nicholas with Marston and Kronrad in London

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\$1.10

When only the best will do

It is a well known fact that the best Virginia cigarettes are made in London; but, fortunately, they do not all stay there! The famous Benson & Hedges red tin is a familiar sight in almost every country of the world. You will find these cigarettes in the hands of particular smokers who prefer to pay just a little more to make quite sure of having the absolute best for all those occasions when only the best will do.

IN TINS OF 20
\$1.10



SUPER VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

BY

BENSON and HEDGES
OLD BOND STREET, LONDON

live on his 25,000-acre sheep and cattle farm 137 miles from Melbourne, Victoria.

Since then she has emerged only occasionally to make an appearance on-the-plateau.

She and her brother open the Festival Hall on May 5 with a sonata recital; a month before that date, every one of the 4,000 places was booked.

That was not just because of brother Yehudi. Hephzibah is acknowledged to be a great performer in her own right; who may neglect her talent, but it never rusts. When Sir Malcolm Sargent was giving a concert with her in Australia, he thought at first that "a little bit of Mozart" would do as much as she could manage. But she insisted on the massive second concerto of Brahms, and amazed him by playing it like a master.

£2,000 for one concert. But tall, handsome Lindsay Nicholas is not only a farmer, but the son of a proprietary medicine king and a near-millionaire.

From this it must not be imagined that Hephzibah has retired to a life of luxury and leisure.

The Nicholas's big, one-storey, red-roofed homestead has no servants. Sons Kronrad (11) and Marston (seven next month) make their own beds. Husband Lindsay operates the vacuum cleaner.

She explained that she was fed up with him, and that she had fallen in love with another young man who worked on the railway. As her husband refused to release her, she had no alternative but to kill him.

When the police accused Lala of murdering the 10 other young men she had married, she shrugged her slim shoulders.

Yes, she admitted, she had poisoned them, but all the bodies had been cremated on the day of their deaths, according to Indian custom.

There was no evidence to prove she had committed the crimes.

Lala married first at the age of 14 and murdered her husband three weeks later. He had made her work too hard, she said.

The rest of her husbands she had killed when she found someone more attractive—an average of one every four months.

Lala also admitted that it was a mistake using an axe to kill her last husband. It had caused her arrest.

If only she had used poison she would not have been caught. She would merely have damned her latest husband's death, as custom demanded, followed the body to the cremation ground, and would then have been free to go to the young man on the railway.

LALA KILLED 17 HUSBANDS

By ALWYN TEBBITT

A fortunate young man. He would probably have been No. 18.

But the fierce Lala will not be hanged. Women have rarely been executed in India, and murder is not considered a particularly serious crime by the masses—one reason why detective stories are unpopular.

In fact, violent death is so common that unless it reaches a famous person it rarely makes even a small headline. Lala's 17 successful efforts were worth only two paragraphs in the local papers.

So Lala Wanti will now have an iron ring riveted on her shapely left leg end will be sent to prison for five or twelve years.

As she belongs to the sweeper class—the "Untouchables"—she will be given the dirtiest and most arduous jobs.

She can't understand why the police should create such a fuss over such a small matter.

WOMANSENSE

Your Sewing Scrapbook

by

Mary Brooks Pickon

Pleated Side-Pocket Skirt—Styled for Fashion and Convenience



piece lengthwise, right side in, stitch one of the these along one side and up $\frac{1}{4}$ of the distance of the opposite side. On other pocket piece, for lefthand side of skirt, put an 8" skirt zipper in the first seam to serve as a placket opening.

Pockets to Side Seams

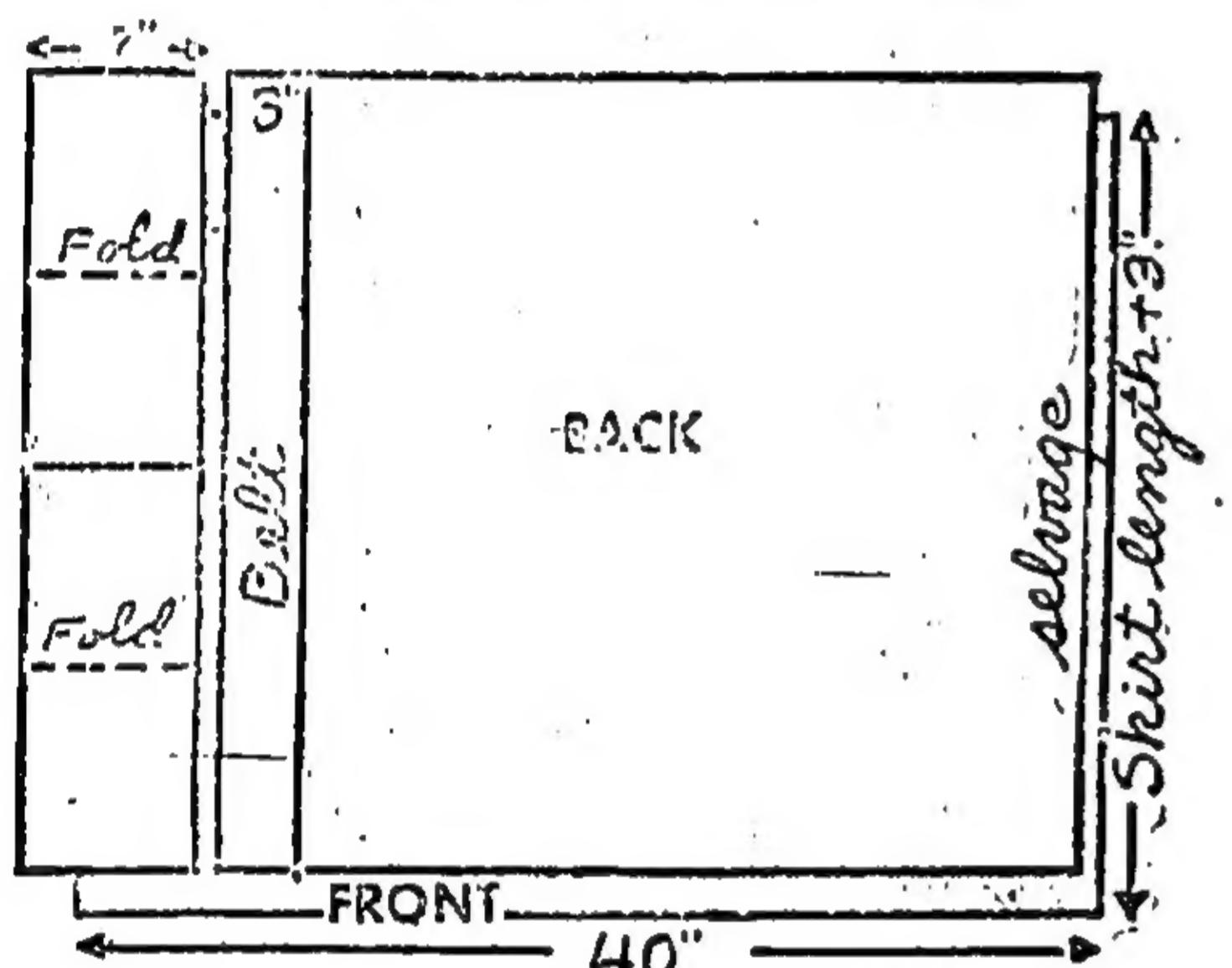
In these pockets to the side seams of the skirt, right sides together, (first clipping seam that joins skirt at top of short row of stitching), beginning at the top of the pocket and top of the skirt. Stitch down to the clipped seam line on both sides of the pocket.

Stitch side seams of skirt from pocket, stitching down to bottom edge. Press seams open. Catch the seam at the bottom of pocket opening with several back stitches exactly in the seam so pocket will not pull out.

Front and Centre Back

Notch centre front and centre back line of skirt at waistline. Fold belt in 4 and notch for centre front, centre back, and right side seam. Gather back fullness. Lay front fullness in pleats as illustration shows. Make sure side seams of skirt come at half-way point in belt band.

Put the 3" band of fabric on as a belt, stitching it and then slip-stitching edge on inside of band pockets. These pieces are for the second lengthwise strip 3" wide. Measure for hem, turn top wide. It is torn off to use for a edge 1" and stitch it, then slip-stitch it to the waistband. Fold each pocket stitch hem to place.



CLOTHES HINTS

Consider your slip when you make or buy a sheer dress. To avoid distorting the corners and distort the ends clean. Shake the garments before hanging them on the line, and shake them again just before they are evenly all around. Plain slips look best under flannel or fancy sheers. Dressy slips may be worn under plain sheers, and matching slips are very popular.

If you wash blouses in an automatic washer, pre-treat collars and cuffs with soda and a soft-bristled brush to make sure they banish heavy soil articles outdoors to dry, hang them half over the line to marks.

When you hang terry cloth to be out," said Knarf. "He stays here all winter."

"It must be too cold for Chirpie," said Handi.

"Then where's Blinky Mole? Dinkly has a good heavy winter coat, hasn't he? Why isn't he outside?"

"It must be blowing too hard for Blinky," said Handi.

"Then where's Squirrel? Where are the chipmunks? Where's Willy Toad? Where's everybody?"

Cold and Blowy

"It must be too cold and too blowy for all of them," was all that Handi could say.

Just then Knarf lifted the window a bit to see for himself if it really was as cold and as blowy as it looked—and at that instant, a whitish sort of leaf blew in and landed, down to the floor. Handi took one glance at it and exclaimed in astonishment: "It's a letter!"

Sure enough, there were words scratched on the leaf. Handi read them aloud: "Dear Knarf and Handi—Do please come and see us today. Yours with love, Blinky."

Knarf shouted with joy. It was wonderful to hear from Blinky and to know he was all right. Then Handi said in a puzzled voice: "Blinky, says 'Come and see us!' Who is with him, I wonder?"

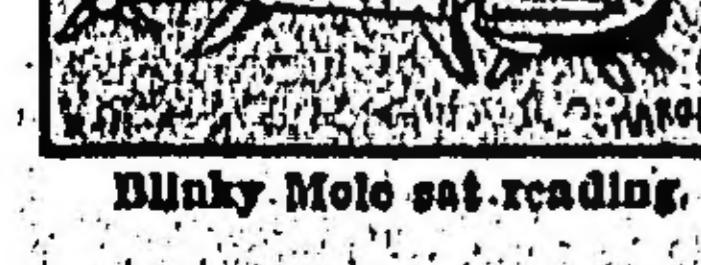
Knarf and Handi immediately dressed in their warmest clothes and hurried across the cold and windy garden until they reached the stump of the old apple tree. A large pile of snow almost covered the stump; but after pushing the snow away, they found what they were looking for—a small dove with a sign tacked to it reading: Blinky Mole, Residence.

They rang the bell. "Come in!" shouted several voices.

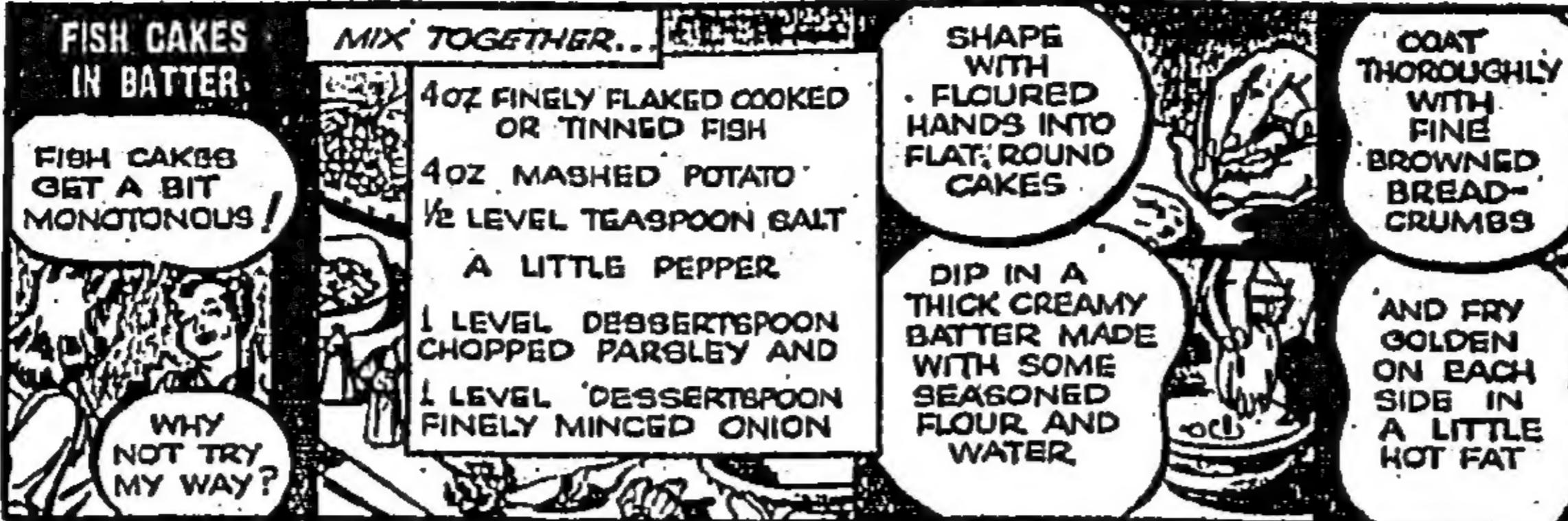
Three seconds later Knarf and Handi were in Blinky Mole's large living-room, taking off their hats and coats and mufflers and rubbers.

The room was filled with Blinky's friends.

Willy Toad was there, sitting in a big chair with his legs crossed, smoking a pipe.



Blinky Mole sat reading.



The Royal Family And The Festival

Britain will see a great deal of King George VI and Queen Elizabeth, as well as the other adult members of the Royal Family, during Festival Year. Their Majesties have engagements which take them as far as Belfast in Northern Ireland, Glasgow in Scotland, and Cardiff in Wales. All the Royal Family will be at the Service of Dedication at St. Paul's Cathedral on May 3 and at the ceremony which will take place afterwards on the steps outside the Cathedral when the King, in a broadcast to the world, will declare the Festival open.

Later, the Queen will attend the Pageant at Hitchin, near her own birthplace, and the Festival at King's Lynn, not far from Sandringham. Princess Elizabeth will open the Exhibition of Industrial Power in Glasgow, go on to the Perth Arts Festival and attend the Norwich Festival.

Princess Margaret's special appearance will be to open the Festival Pleasure Gardens in Battersea Park, London on May 3. The Duke and Duchess of Gloucester will go to Bristol and Cambridge, among other towns, to open the proceedings, while the Prince Royal will attend York, Leeds and Inverness Festivals. At Bournemouth, Oxford and Canterbury there will be a welcome for the Duchess of Kent, who will also attend St. David's Festival in Wales.

ME, MYSELF AND I



Trudie Bernstein, 17, finds herself reflected from all angles in Chicago. Her self-portrait won top honours in the city's scholastic art awards contest and her work has been called an example of pre-primitive, the new art trend in Chicago schools. Trudie's painting and 1,700 other winners will go to Pittsburgh for the national finals.

Keep Slim And Feel Fit

Film Stars, such as pretty Joai Fontaine, must be constantly on guard against added pounds. They keep a slim silhouette by proper diet, and adequate exercise.

By HELEN FOLLETT

DO you know that pretty film stars, to whom a beautiful silhouette is stock in trade, must keep to the exact normal weight, to a single pound? If you fancy that they can gorge themselves on the good things of the table, so they crawl in between the sheets early, get their beauty sleep.

On the Gain

Should it happen that the bathroom scales report that you

are on the gain, don't fail to start on a sensible, hygienic reducing campaign. A check-up by old family Doc is a good idea though if you feel well and fit you can take off, the excess pounds by eating foods that are poor in fats and starches, with enough protein—meat, fish, eggs—to maintain the structure of the body cells.

Fat meats are your enemies. Green vegetables are better for you than the starchy ones—white and sweet potatoes, baked beans, lima beans, tinned or fresh corn.

Foods Without Weight

That leaves you plenty of good chow. Foods that you can eat without gaining weight are: lean beef, hamburg steak, lean chicken, crisp bacon, fish that is not oily, practically all kinds of fruit. Vegetables include asparagus, cauliflower, cabbage, carrots, cucumbers, Brussels sprouts, tomatoes, spinach, onions, string beans.

Any exercise that calls for vigorous use of many muscles and speeds up the body's activities is beneficial. No exercise will bring returns unless it is done regularly. Have ten minutes set aside each day for stretching, torso twisting and bending.

On cold days a brisk walk is helpful in burning up some of the excess fat. Don't overdo. But remember, sensible reduction of weight will improve the vigour of the body.

Redhead Who's Not Afraid

To Wear Pink

Susan Hayward is one redhead who isn't afraid to wear pink. Susan has just ordered two new playsets featuring "hibiscus" pink, and plans to wear them with brown accessories. Pink Chemise is chosen for the strapless sun dress that has a detachable skirt, showing bra and shorts beneath. This is worn with fringed brown-linen hat and shoes. The other is a pink jersey bathing suit with shirred front and halter straps, that is piped down the sides with brown. A waist-length cape of the pink jersey is lined with brown, designed to protect the shoulders from too much sunburn.

It was a wonderful, cozy, friendly visit, Knarf said to Handi, when they finally left their friends and walked back through the cold and the wind to their own home again.

JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Opening Lead May Be Key

NORTH (D) 19

♦AQ4 ♠K76

◆7 ♣K872

WEST 10

♦K62 ♠1085

◆1062 ♠QJ83

♦Q904 ♠A10532

♦10

EAST 10

♦J73 ♠Q5

◆KJ84 ♠A43

SOUTH N-S vul.

North East South West

1 ♠ Pass 1 ♠ Pass

1 ♥ Pass 1 M.T. Pass

2 N.T. Pass 3 N.T. Pass

Pass Pass

Opening lead—♦2

By OSWALD JACOBY

WHEN today's hand was played, West thought carefully before he chose his opening lead. His opponents were conservative players, and their willingness to bid no-trump made it fairly clear that they had the unbid suit (spades) well controlled. He "believed" the club and diamond bids, but decided that hearts might be the weak point since North had never rebid the suit and South had never supported it. Hence he began a defence that was to end with a most unexpected settling trick.

When West led the deuce of hearts dummy played low and East won with the jack. East turned a low heart, and West's ten forced out dummy's king. South ruffed his hand with the ace of clubs to take the spade finesse, and dummy's queen of spades naturally won.

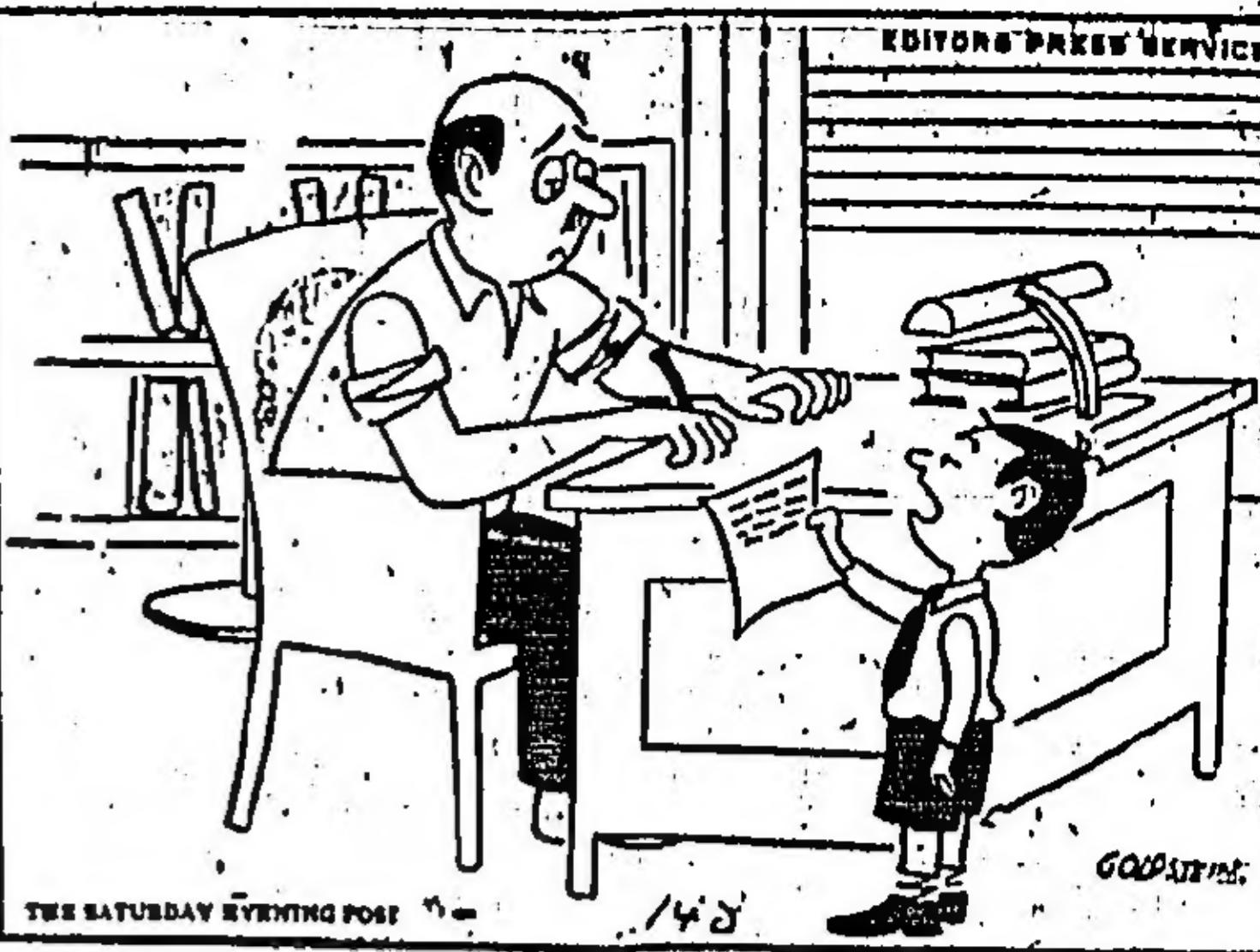
Now South found out the bad news when he led to the queen of clubs and discovered that the suit did not contain what was a better blow, but he hopefully took the king of clubs and gave West his club trick. West naturally returned to his remaining heart, knocking out dummy's ace.

D-E-C-L-A-R-E-D costed the last club, saving two diamonds and two spades in his own hand while East saved a spade, a heart, and two diamonds. Then South fed the singleton diamond from the dummy. The opponents put up the ace of diamonds and East cashed the last heart. This trick squeezed poor South.

If South discarded the king of diamonds, take diamonds trick so South was obliged to bid a look of spades. Thereupon East led ten of spades, which was covered by South's jack and West's king. Dummy would take the ace of spades but the West made the setting trick with his six of spades.

It is guaranteed that you would do well in publicity, i.e., reporting or investigating.

Your emotions are deep, not shallow, type to go on public display. You are independent and have quite a bit to offer the world. Ever since Mr. Somerset Maugham said that he was a very old person, the words have been repeated every day in interviews, articles, essays, and paragraphs. I will wager that already the phrase is more widely known than any other single sentence Mr. Maugham has written or spoken. I have just seen it as the caption to his photograph. It might amuse Mr. Maugham to say one day, "I am rather fond of salmon," and then watch the phrase becoming famous.



"It's too sophisticated. Remember, you're supposed to be seven years old."

BY THE WAY

by Beachcomber

Prodose: And is that all you have to say about a wonderful exhibition of art?

Myself: It's all I can think of for the moment, as the man replied to the woman who said "Is that all?" when he thundered on her door and told her house was on fire.

Marginal note

YOU never know nowadays what casual phrase will be imitated as though it were a brilliant epigram, and repeated all over the world. Ever since Mr. Somerset Maugham said that he was a very old person, the words have been repeated every day in interviews, articles, essays, and paragraphs. I will wager that already the phrase is more widely known than any other single sentence Mr. Maugham has written or spoken. I have just seen it as the caption to his photograph. It might amuse Mr. Maugham to say one day, "I am rather fond of salmon," and then watch the phrase becoming famous.

YOUR BIRTHDAY

MONDAY, APRIL 30

IF you are born today you have he guaranteed. You would do well in publicity, i.e., reporting or investigating. Your emotions are deep, not shallow, type to go on public display. You are independent and have quite a bit to offer the world. Ever since Mr. Somerset Maugham said that he was a very old person, the words have been repeated every day in interviews, articles, essays, and paragraphs. I will wager that already the phrase is more widely known than any other single sentence Mr. Maugham has written or spoken. I have just seen it as the caption to his photograph. It might amuse Mr. Maugham to say one day, "I am rather fond of salmon," and then watch the phrase becoming famous.

TUESDAY, MAY 1

SCORPIO (Apr. 24-Nov. 22)—A smart plan for efficiency can improve romance that's not something to be worried about.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—Don't permit your personal affairs to interfere at the office. Clear up the details of once.

CANCER (June 22-July 22)—Be patient if opposition at home interferes with your social life.

GEMINI (May 22-June 22)—Avoid driving in heavy traffic. If you must, be doubly careful for you and the other fellow!

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22-Jan. 20)—Over-optimism can be harmful. Strike a happy medium and be practical with some new plan offered.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—First-of-the-month bills can prove annoying. Take care of them at once and balance the budget.

VIRGO (Aug. 22-Sep. 22)—Win more friends by being optimistic. A smile today will pay off in pleasure for your progress.

LIBRA (Sept. 23-Oct. 22)—An energetic and inspirational day. Make use of all the good ideas that come to you at this time.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23-Nov. 22)—Be sure that what looks like romance is really that—not something to be worried about.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—Don't permit your personal affairs to interfere at the office. Clear up the details of once.

CANCER (June 22-July 22)—Be patient if opposition at home interferes with your social life.

GEMINI (May 22-June 22)—Avoid driving in heavy traffic. If you must, be doubly careful for you and the other fellow!

LEO (July 23-Aug. 22)—Make a careful budget for the coming month. Activities will go more smoothly if you do.

LEO (July 23-Aug. 22)—Win more friends by being optimistic. A smile today will pay off in pleasure for your progress.

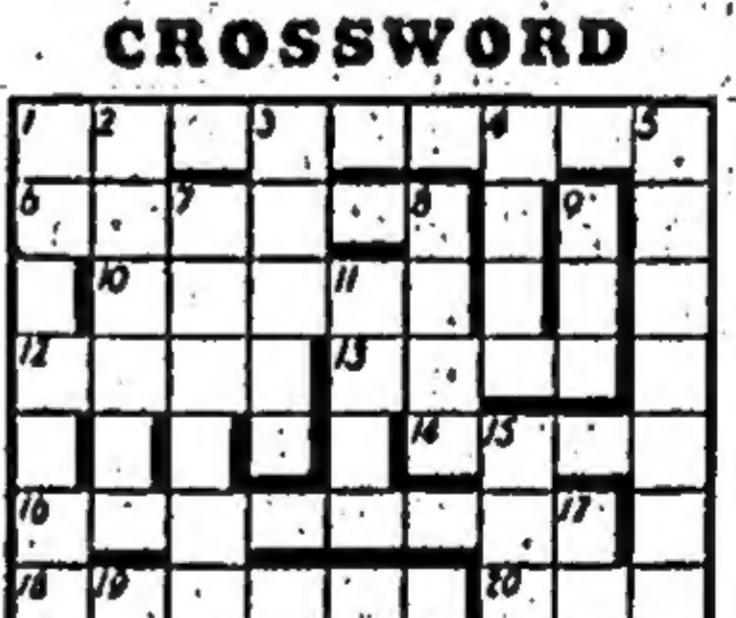
LIBRA (Sept. 23-Oct. 22)—Changes are in view. But some are for the best. This time they appear to be just that.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23-Nov. 22)—Early hours are especially productive. Get started in good time to achieve an important objective.

CROSSWORD

By Z. MACH

Block: 7 pieces.



Across:

1. Just fancy having to drown fuel to get this. (9)

6. Looks though you give cause for umbrage. (6)

COLONY ATHLETES WARM UP FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIPS ON MAY 19 AND 20

By "RECODER"

Nearly all the known leading athletes of the Colony participated in a final competitive warm-up at Caroline Hill Stadium yesterday that had been primarily arranged to give them some final practice and to give all intending competitors an idea of the standard required to reach the finals of the Colony Championships on May 19 and 20.

The meet also served as an opportunity for the debut locally of the Milocarlan Athletic Club, which groups together the athletics enthusiasts among the officers of the three services. The Milocaricans put up a respectable show with their small team and received from the South China Athletic Association, the hosts, a pennant to commemorate the first meeting between the two Clubs.

Interest yesterday was centred in the duels between Alapini, of the Royal Air Force, and Jackson Lee of La Salle College, the Inter-School Champion, in the 100 and 200 Metres and in the return meeting between Lo Wing-chuen and Tony Braga in the 400 Metres. The latter two had run first and second in the Inter-School Sports.

Alapini, who hails from Nigeria, forced Jackson Lee to his fastest 100 Metres—11.1 seconds—and shared honours with him by overtaking him almost on the tape in what was a blanket finish in the 200 metres.

Alapini was timed in 23.1 seconds in this longer race after a three-cornered duel with Wong Man-wah of South China, who was in the lead with 60 metres to go and must have turned in a 23.4 or 23.5 second performance.

Jackson Lee was second in 23.1 or 23.2. He had won the Inter-School title in 23.1 seconds last Thursday.

The 400 Metres was also a three-cornered fight all the way. Lambie of Milocaricans finished in about 54.6 seconds behind Lo Wing-chuen and Braga, in 54.1 seconds and Braga, overtaken about two yards from the tape, who must have done 54.3 or 54.4 seconds.

Competing in the shot put and discus throw was Ng Yin-fok, the South China captain, who last year did 52.4 seconds for the 400 metres and 22.9 seconds for the 200 metres. He is definitely competing in the Championships in the longer race and, though not in training, should be good for about 53.5 seconds. He did not run yesterday.

Ng should be able to pull Lo and Braga under 54 seconds and believes that Braga, if he is in top condition, is likely to come down to 53.5 seconds. The three should make the Colony 400 Metres the fastest we have ever seen here.

A high standard was reached yesterday, the best marks being 11-foot 1½-inch vault by Yee Tit-kwan, which will probably be accepted as the Colony record, and a 5-foot 10½-inch high jump by Dailywater.

RECORDS PROBLEM

One of the problems facing the Hongkong Amateur Track and Field Association is that of records and the policy will, I understand, be to accept performances in the past if these can be attested to.

It is known, for example, that W. S. Gegg of University ran the 100 metres in 10.8 seconds in 1940 and Opi. Walther Land of the Royal Engineers jumped 6 feet about the same year, but the Records Committee will have to be satisfied that Gegg's time was accomplished without wind aid and that Land's jump was properly measured, taking into account any sag of the bar.

Though there has been a 23-foot performance in the long jump in the Colony Championships in 1940, the level of the sand in the pit is remembered by one witness at least as having been below that of the take-off board and the mark is unlikely to be accepted.

It is not unlikely that the Records Committee will have to start the records list from performances since the Hongkong Track and Field Association came into being, or from the first Annual Quadrangular Meet between South China Athletic Association, Army, Royal Navy and Royal Air Force.

The problem could be solved by starting the records list from scratch and acknowledging separately the outstanding previous marks. A long jump of 23 feet at Caroline Hill into a pit about two inches below the level of the take-off board would be worth about 22 feet 10 inches and is still worth listing as an outstanding performance as no one within memory in this Colony has come anywhere near it other than for Filipino and Japanese Olympic athletes who passed through here on their way to the Amsterdam and Berlin Olympics.

Yesterday's performances suggested that the Colony could take on Manila and Singapore without being outclassed and could, perhaps, even beat the two cities in a triangular match. Hongkong's athletes could certainly hold their own in all the runs and could score in the field events. We are weaker in the hurdles and jumps.

GIRLS AGAIN

There was one event yesterday for the girls—a 100 Metre run—and this attracted enough entries for three heats, all won by the King George V School, which swam away the event with six winners.

ENTRIES CLOSE TOMORROW

Entries for the Colony Track and Field Championships to be held at Caroline Hill on Saturday and Sunday, May 19 and 20, close tomorrow. These should be addressed to the Joint Hon. Secretary, Mr. F. J. Tingay, King George V School.

Mr Tingay will accept entries by telephone (67877) from intending competitors in Army units stationed in New Territories up to 3 p.m. on Tuesday. Any such calls to Mr Tingay should be made at 11 a.m., 1 p.m. or 3 p.m. on Tuesday.

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"PLAY BALL" IN HIGH C



Helen Traubel of the Metropolitan Opera, and part owner of the St. Louis Browns, talks to coach John Tobin. It's obvious that the coach has just told the noted soprano something to her liking.

Tennis League Season Opens This Afternoon

By "ARGONAUT"

The 1951 Colony Tennis League season begins this afternoon with a programme of five Men's "B" Division and two Ladies' "B" Division matches.

The Men's "B" Division, which will be a one-round affair, sees the clash between the CRC "1" and the CCC "1". The outcome of this match will have an important bearing on the Tai Hang club's bid to regain the championship from South China, their last year's conquerors.

With Choy Tin-wah, Lieu Kin-hong, Yu Tak-cheuk and Molan Chan as their nucleus, the Chinese Recreation Club are strongly favoured to win this afternoon's game, though not without the possibility of an upset.

K. C. Dao and V. T. Wang, and for that matter George Choa, are all eligible under the league rules to play in this

match, but it is doubtful if such obviously "A" players will be utilised by the CRC.

It is likely that the remaining players will come from Morland Ma, Chung Yue-lo, Pang Ol-lam, D. C. Luk or Au Kam-moon.

The Valley Club will field a stronger team than they had last year and with the advantage of playing on their home

court are expected to provide stern resistance to the favourites.

LADIES' GAMES

The Ladies' "B" League, which attracted 166 entries this year, will be played in two rounds.

United Services Recreation Club and Hongkong University are the missing teams.

Ladies' Recreation Club, the champions of last season, will be the guests of Recreco "Blues" and will field a number of new players in this match. Among them are Mrs P. Calderara, Mrs W. M. Chalmers, Mrs N. M. W. Harris and Mrs K. B. Baker.

The Recreco "Blues" will have most of their last year's players doing service for them again and although LRC's new talent has not been seen in action it is expected that their hard hitting will carry them through.

More interesting ladies' tennis should be provided at the Kowloon Cricket Club where the Cox's Road ladies are at home to the Craigengowrie Cricket Club.

The Valley Club have been reinforced by the re-inclusion this year of their two stalwarts, Mrs Violet Fowler and Miss Rose Rumjahn, and are fielding this season practically the same team which won them the title in 1940.

Kowloon Cricket Club will also have a strong team out including in their line-up Miss L. Coxall, Mrs J. Lawes, Mrs E. Horrigan, Mrs S. Groundwater and possibly Mrs M. Pepperell.

Mrs E. Tebbutt, Mrs Hancock or Miss Fisher. A close game should be seen with the odds in favour of Craigengowrie.

TODAY'S GAMES

Men's "B" Division

CRC "2" v Recreco

SCOA v HKCC

USRC v LRC

COC "1" v CRC "1"

LRC v COC "2"

Kowloon Tong (Bve.) v Recreco "B"

KOC v LRC

Recreco "B" (Bve.) v LRC

Recreco "W" (Bve.) v CRC

FANNY KOEN MAY RUN AT HELSINKI

The Hague, Apr. 29.

Mrs Fanny Blankers-Koen, Dutch winner of four gold medals at the London Olympics, intends to compete in the 1952 Games in Helsinki if her performances this season prove satisfactory.

A definite decision will not be made until the end of the season. Mrs. Blankers-Koen is not likely to accept invitations to run in Vienna on Whitsunday, April 26, or in Liverpool in May, but she offered little resistance in the event of a call.

The former British record holder for the 1,200 Yards was Sydney Woodward, with a 2 minutes 57.6 seconds.

BRITISH RECORD

Roger Bannister set a new British record of 3 minutes 56.8 seconds for the Three-quarter Mile run on April 17 at Merton Park, a fifth of a mile off the world record.

The former British record holder for the 1,200 Yards was Sydney Woodward, with a 2 minutes 57.6 seconds.

In winter conditions, Miss Fry, America's No. 4, battled gamely in the first set, but the effort took too much out of her and she offered little resistance in the second set.

Her husband and coach, Jan Blankers-Koen, stated, "as his

strength is failing, he has given up running.

Double Victory For Golds In The All-Star Exhibition Matches

By "GRANDSTAND"

The curtain was lowered on the official softball season yesterday with two all-star games in which the Gold sections scored a double victory over the Blues before a crowd of diehard fans who braved the scorching sun.

Frankie Barros' senior nine shaded the opposition 5-3 in a full nine-inning game while Y. S. Liang's minor loopers triumphed over Rene Sequira's selection 4-0.

Both of the leaders in the Inter-Hong series suffered losses over the weekend when Gibbs succumbed to a 9-8 noscute by Lowe Bingham's after thirteen games, while China Light topped Jardines by the identical score of 9-8.

A deadlock for the championship is now certain as five teams each are now tied for the top slot, each with three losses against them, and one more game to go.

The season was wound up in a fitting manner as Junior League umpires handled the Senior game while the Seniors called the minor league tussle, and particular mention must be made of Frank Evans who handled the plate assignment for both games without relaxation. Bill Silvin, too, deserves a bouquet for officiating in Saturday's Inter-Hong 13-inning game without a murmur of protest.

A wild pitch saw the equaliser sliding over the plate while a

SCORES AT A GLANCE

SENIOR LEAGUE ALL-STAR EXHIBITION

Golds 5 Blues 3

JUNIOR LEAGUE ALL-STAR EXHIBITION

Golds 4 Blues 0

INTER-HONG SERIES

L. Bingham's 9 Gibbs 8

(13 innings)

Jardines 6 Shell 2

China Light 8 Jardines 6

(13 innings)

EXHIBITION GAME

South China 3 U. S. Navy 1

R. H. E

Philadelphia 0 7 1

Boston 1 2 0

Philadelphia (2nd game) 10 14 2

Boston 9 15 0

Cincinnati 8 14 0

Pittsburgh 9 16 2

Cincinnati (2nd game) 1 3 0

Pittsburgh (2nd game) 1 5 1

(10 innings)

New York 6 9 0

Chicago 3 6 2

Philadelphia (2nd game) 3 9 0

Boston 6 14 0

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Cleveland 3 9 0

St. Louis 6 6 2

Cleveland (2nd game) 11 16 6

St. Louis 13 15 0

Boston 12 15 2

Philadelphia 8 14 1

(13 innings)

Boston Red Sox-Philadelphia Athletics (2nd game) was called at the end of the second inning. Boston was leading 6-0 but the game must be replayed from the start.

Chicago 4 12 2

Detroit 0 5 0

Washington 0 5 0

HOME SOCCER REVIEW

SPURS MAKE SURE OF THE FOOTBALL LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP

Tottenham Hotspur, with a single goal victory over Sheffield Wednesday, made sure today of winning the Football League Championship.

Thus they have equalled the achievements of Everton (1931 and 1932), and Liverpool (1905 and 1906) by carrying off the Second Division title and the League Championship in successive seasons.

This match was the biggest draw of the day, outside the Cup Final, and a crowd of 46,648 saw Spurs triumph.

This match was the biggest draw of the day, outside the Cup Final, and a crowd of 46,648 saw Spurs triumph.

Promoted in their places are the Queen of the South and Stirling Albion.—Reuter.

LEAGUE STANDINGS

London, Apr. 29.
The following are the football standings in respect of League matches played yesterday:

| | | Goals | | | | | | | |
|--------------|----|-------|----|----|----|----|----|------|--|
| | | P | W | D | L | F | A | Pts. | |
| Tottenham | H. | 41 | 24 | 10 | 7 | 19 | 43 | 50 | |
| Middlesb. | R. | 41 | 19 | 9 | 17 | 78 | 51 | 50 | |
| Blackpool | | 41 | 18 | 11 | 12 | 70 | 64 | 47 | |
| Middleb. | R. | 41 | 18 | 11 | 12 | 70 | 64 | 47 | |
| Arsenal | C. | 41 | 18 | 9 | 14 | 62 | 55 | 45 | |
| Bolton | W. | 41 | 18 | 7 | 12 | 64 | 57 | 45 | |
| Portsmouth | | 41 | 18 | 7 | 12 | 63 | 50 | 43 | |
| Liverpool | | 41 | 18 | 11 | 12 | 52 | 50 | 43 | |
| Burnley | | 41 | 18 | 14 | 13 | 52 | 50 | 43 | |
| Stoke | | 41 | 18 | 14 | 13 | 47 | 41 | 42 | |
| Sunderland | | 41 | 18 | 14 | 13 | 45 | 43 | 42 | |
| Wolves | | 41 | 18 | 14 | 13 | 43 | 43 | 42 | |
| West Brom. | | 40 | 15 | 7 | 10 | 74 | 62 | 37 | |
| Charlton | A. | 41 | 18 | 11 | 10 | 61 | 54 | 37 | |
| Huddersfield | | 41 | 18 | 6 | 12 | 62 | 52 | 37 | |
| Aston Villa | | 41 | 18 | 13 | 17 | 60 | 55 | 35 | |
| Everton | | 41 | 18 | 8 | 21 | 64 | 52 | 35 | |
| Sheffield W. | | 41 | 18 | 8 | 22 | 64 | 53 | 35 | |

| | | Goals | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|-------|----|----|----|----|----|------|--|
| | | P | W | D | L | F | A | Pts. | |
| Preston N.E. | | 42 | 26 | 5 | 11 | 91 | 49 | 57 | |
| Manchester C. | | 41 | 20 | 9 | 13 | 92 | 53 | 56 | |
| Birmingham | | 41 | 20 | 9 | 13 | 92 | 53 | 56 | |
| Derby | | 41 | 18 | 9 | 14 | 91 | 53 | 56 | |
| Leeds | | 41 | 18 | 8 | 14 | 91 | 53 | 56 | |
| Blackburn | | 41 | 18 | 8 | 14 | 93 | 56 | 56 | |
| Coventry | | 42 | 18 | 7 | 10 | 75 | 59 | 45 | |
| Brentford | | 41 | 18 | 8 | 12 | 74 | 52 | 45 | |
| Sheffield U. | | 41 | 18 | 11 | 14 | 71 | 51 | 43 | |
| Doncaster | | 41 | 15 | 12 | 14 | 63 | 72 | 42 | |
| Notts County | | 41 | 15 | 12 | 14 | 63 | 72 | 42 | |
| West Ham | | 41 | 15 | 9 | 16 | 60 | 71 | 41 | |
| Southampton | | 41 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 62 | 66 | 41 | |
| Barnsley | | 42 | 15 | 10 | 17 | 74 | 63 | 40 | |
| Leicester | | 41 | 15 | 10 | 16 | 60 | 59 | 39 | |
| Notts C. | | 40 | 13 | 12 | 15 | 59 | 59 | 37 | |
| Queen's Park | | 41 | 14 | 10 | 17 | 68 | 59 | 36 | |
| Sheffield S. | | 41 | 14 | 10 | 21 | 54 | 57 | 36 | |
| Bury | | 41 | 14 | 10 | 18 | 58 | 52 | 36 | |
| Bury | | 42 | 9 | 12 | 21 | 44 | 69 | 32 | |
| Grimsby | | 41 | 8 | 11 | 22 | 50 | 63 | 27 | |

| | | Goals | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-------|----|----|----|----|----|------|--|
| | | P | W | D | L | F | A | Pts. | |
| Third Division (Southern) | | 43 | 27 | 10 | 16 | 83 | 37 | 64 | |
| Notts F. | | 43 | 27 | 10 | 16 | 83 | 37 | 64 | |
| Port Vale | | 43 | 25 | 12 | 10 | 87 | 63 | 56 | |
| Exeter | | 43 | 18 | 9 | 10 | 87 | 62 | 56 | |
| Swindon | | 44 | 18 | 4 | 22 | 52 | 40 | 56 | |
| Colchester | | 43 | 18 | 14 | 12 | 52 | 55 | 56 | |
| Walsall | | 43 | 18 | 12 | 14 | 52 | 55 | 56 | |
| Torquay | | 43 | 9 | 22 | 24 | 63 | 37 | 56 | |
| Aldershot | | 44 | 10 | 11 | 21 | 53 | 56 | 56 | |
| Newport | | 43 | 17 | 12 | 22 | 58 | 52 | 56 | |
| Bristol City | | 44 | 17 | 11 | 14 | 52 | 57 | 49 | |
| Barnet | | 43 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 57 | 53 | 42 | |
| Port Vale | | 43 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 57 | 53 | 42 | |
| Exeter | | 43 | 15 | 9 | 10 | 72 | 42 | 42 | |
| Swindon | | 44 | 14 | 4 | 22 | 52 | 40 | 42 | |
| Colchester | | 43 | 14 | 12 | 20 | 52 | 55 | 42 | |
| Walsall | | 43 | 14 | 12 | 20 | 57 | 77 | 42 | |
| Torquay | | 43 | 9 | 22 | 24 | 63 | 37 | 42 | |
| Aldershot | | 44 | 10 | 11 | 21 | 53 | 56 | 42 | |
| Newport | | 43 | 17 | 12 | 22 | 58 | 52 | 42 | |
| Bristol City | | 44 | 17 | 11 | 14 | 52 | 57 | 42 | |
| Barnet | | 43 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 57 | 53 | 42 | |
| Port Vale | | 43 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 57 | 53 | 42 | |
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| Swindon | | 44 | 14 | 4 | 22 | 52 | 40 | 42 | |
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| Barnet | | 43 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 57 | 53 | 42 | |
| Port Vale | | 43 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 57 | 53 | 42 | |
| Exeter | | 43 | 15 | 9 | 10 | 72 | 42 | 42 | |
| Swindon | | 44 | 14 | 4 | 22 | 52 | 40 | 42 | |
| Colchester | | 43 | 14 | 12 | 20 | 52 | 55 | 42 | |
| Walsall | | 43 | 14 | 12 | 20 | 57 | 77 | 42 | |
| Torquay | | 43 | 9 | 22 | 24 | 63 | 37 | 42 | |
| Aldershot | | 44 | 10 | 11 | 21 | 53 | 56 | 42 | |
| Newport | | 43 | 17 | 12 | 22 | 58 | 52 | 42 | |
| Bristol City | | 44 | 17 | 11 | 14 | 52 | 57 | 42 | |
| Barnet | | 43 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 57 | 53 | 42 | |



BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

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SAILINGS TO

| | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| "SHANSHI" | Bangkok | 5 p.m. 30th Apr. |
| "FENGTIEN" | Yokohama Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe | 5 p.m. 1st May |
| "HUNAN" | Tsingtao & Tientsin | 5 p.m. 2nd May |
| "SOOCHOW" | To kyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka Kobo | 5 p.m. 2nd May |
| "SHENGKING" | Kelung | 5 p.m. 4th May* |
| "YUCHOW" | Bangkok | 5 p.m. 9th May |
| "SHENGKING" | Kelung | 5 p.m. 10th May* |
| "POYANG" | Tsingtao? & Tientsin | 3 p.m. 10th May* |

* Sails from Custodian Wharf

ARRIVALS FROM

| | | |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------|
| "SHENGKING" | Kelung | 7 a.m. 3rd May |
| "POYANG" | Nients & Tsingtao | 6th May |
| "YUCHOW" | Osaka | 8th May |
| "YUNNAN" | Kobe | 8th May |
| "HANYANG" | Tientsin | 10th May |

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO

| | | |
|------------|--------|----------|
| "CHANGSHA" | Japan | 16th May |
| "TAIYUAN" | Sydney | 22nd May |
| "CHANGTE" | Japan | 28th May |

ARRIVALS FROM

| | | |
|------------|--------------------|----------|
| "CHANGSHA" | Australia & Manila | 13th May |
| "TAIYUAN" | Japan | 20th May |
| "CHANGTE" | Australia & Manila | 25th May |

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said

| | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| "PERSEUS" | Marselles, Liverpool & Glasgow | 6th May |
| "MYRMIDON" | Genoa, Casablanca, Holland & London | 9th May |
| "MARON" | Liverpool & Glasgow | 11th May |
| "BELLEROPHON" | Dublin & Liverpool | 25th May |
| "ANTHLOCUS" | Genoa, Rotterdam & London | 27th May |

Scheduled Sailings from Europe

| Sails | Sails | Arrives |
|----------------|----------------------|-----------|
| Liverpool | Rotterdam | Hong Kong |
| 21st Mar. | In Port Holt's Wharf | 9th May |
| "MARON" | 31st Mar. | 9th May |
| S. "ANTHLOCUS" | 5th Apr. | 9th May |
| G. "PYRRHUS" | 13th Apr. | 18th Apr. |
| S. "AUTOLYCUS" | 25th Apr. | 30th May |
| G. "MENTOR" | 28th Apr. | 2nd June |
| S. "CLYTONEUS" | 4th May | 8th June |
| G. "PELEUS" | 13th May | 17th May |
| S. "ASTYANAX" | 21st May | 25th June |

G. Loading Glasgow before Liverpool.

S. Loading Swansea before Liverpool.

Unscheduled.

Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING via MANILA FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS

"AJAX" 11th May

SAILING FOR NEW YORK via JAPAN, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, PANAMA, KINGSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE.

"MENESTHEUS" 23rd May

Cathay Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route Departs Hongkong Arrives HK (on return)
 HK/Bangkok/Singapore (DC-4) 7.30 a.m. Tues. Fri. 8.00 a.m. Wed. Sat.
 (Connects at Bangkok with U.B.A. to Rangoon)
 HK/Saigon/Singapore (DC-4) 1.00 p.m. Wed. 5.40 p.m. Thurs.
 HK/Manila/B.N./Borneo (DC-3) 7.00 a.m. Mon. 4.45 p.m. Tues.
 HK/Manila (DC-3) 10.00 a.m. Wed. 7.30 a.m. Thurs.
 HK/Haliphong (DC-3) 7.00 a.m. Tues. 4.30 p.m. Tues.

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BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875. 32144. 24878.

ARRIVALS

| SHIPS | FROM | DEPARTURE |
|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| "BENAVON" | U.K. via Singapore | 30th Apr. |
| "BENVENUE" | do | on or abt. 10th May |
| "BENLAWERS" | do | 30th May |
| "BENCRUACHAN" | do | 8th June |

SAILINGS Loading on or abt.

| | | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| "BENAVON" | London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hull | 30th Apr. |
| "BENVENUE" | Liverpool, Dublin & Rotterdam | 14th May |
| "BENLAWERS" | London, Antwerp & Rotterdam | 2nd June |
| "BENCRUACHAN" | Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin & Antwerp | 12th June |

Via Singapore, Colombo, Port Sudan, Aden & Suez.

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Agents

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NOTICE

PEAK TRAMWAYS CO., LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY

GIVEN that the Ordinary

Yearly General Meeting of

Shareholders will be held at

the Hongkong Hotel, Hong

Kong, on Thursday, 17th May,

1951, at 12 noon, for the

purpose of receiving the

report of the Directors to

gether with a Statement of

Accounts for the year ended

31st March, 1951, and for the

election of Directors and the

appointment of Auditors.

The Register and Transfer

Books of the Company will

be closed from the 1st May

to the 17th May, 1951, both

days inclusive, during which

period no transfer of shares

can be registered.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS &

SON LIMITED.

General Managers.

Hongkong, 26th April, 1951.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Consignees per

"BENALBANACH"

are hereby notified that their cargo

is being discharged into the Hong

Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown

Co.'s godown where it will be

consigned to the steamer's agent

under the terms and conditions of

storage, and where delivery may be

obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left

in the Godown for examination by

Consignees and the Company's

Surveyors.

No claims will be admitted after

the goods have left the steamer's

hold unless all damage is satisfactorily

settled after the 5th May, 1951,

will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer

must be presented to the under-

signed on or before the 18th May,

1951, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO.

(CHINA) LTD.

Agents.

Ben Line Steamers, Ltd.

Hongkong, 20th April, 1951.

Tel: 34121 Ext 214.

NOTICE

THE MAGICAL MAN

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES



ARRIVALS

"LES GLIERES" from Europe 3rd May

SAILINGS

"LA MARSEILLAISE" to Japan via Manila 6th May
"LA MARSEILLAISE" to Marseilles via Manila 10th May
"FELIX ROUSSET" to Marseilles 23rd June

FREIGHT SERVICE

N. Africa & Europe 5th May
N. Africa & Europe 23rd May
N. Africa & Europe 23rd JunePORT SAID, TUNIS, MARSEILLES, ALGIERS, ORAN,
TANGIER, CASABLANCA, HAIRE, DUNKIRK,
ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.CIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
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NEXT SAILINGS

M.S. "PETER MAERSK" In Port May 15
M.S. "LEXA MAERSK" May 31
M.S. "SALLY MAERSK" May 31

ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.

M.S. "SALLY MAERSK" May 8
M.S. "CORONA" May 19
M.S. "ANNA MAERSK" May 30

For Freights and Further Particulars please apply to:-

AGENTS:

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Pedder Building

Tel. Nos. 26661-3.

Industrial Output In
US At New Highs

New York, Apr. 29.

Industrial production climbed to record levels last week in the face of new Government regulations that businessmen and industrialists viewed with a slightly jaundiced eye.

Crude oil production of 6,060,800 barrels was a record high.

Freight carloadings were the highest since Nov. 18 last. The 801,529 cars loaded reflected the rapid rate at which goods were moving.

The nation's steel mills were operating at 103.3 per cent of rated capacity.

Engineering awards aggregated \$284,601,000, better than the previous week's \$220,597,000.

Corporate earnings for the first quarter continued to make good reading. But higher taxes and increased production costs were being felt more.

Several larger corporations reported smaller profits on larger sales. Many industrialists forecast lesser earnings in the coming quarters.

President Harry Truman's 18-member Wage Stabilisation Board did not make business and industry any happier. The Board has the power to recommend settlement of a wide variety of labour-management disputes affecting the defence programme. Management wants the Board restricted to consideration of strictly economic disputes such as those over pay.

SOME ANXIETY

Government wage controls appeared due for an overhauling now that the Wage Board has been established. Industry is a little anxious over the results.

During the week Economic Stabiliser Eric Johnston approved a six cents an hour increase for 1,000,000 railroad workers even though it went beyond the Government's 10 per cent ceiling on pay raises.

Mr. Johnston had been given the rail workers because under the Railway Labour Act it takes longer for them to win new contract objectives.

Department store sales over the nation just crept above a year ago and in some specific sections declined.

The decline in sales in cities where celebrations were held for General Douglas MacArthur was attributed in part to interest in the celebration.

The Government reported the general level of farm prices dropped about two-thirds of one per cent during the month ended April 10.

Wholesale food prices, however, turned upward for the first time in seven weeks.

Retail food prices for the most part were reported at falling levels.

ACTIVITY IN METAL MARKETS

New York, Apr. 29. The volume of new Government orders controlling metals declined a little this week. But activity in the markets continued brisk as ever, with demand intense and prices steady.

Priority metals like copper, lead and zinc are not covered by the General Manufacturers Price Ceiling Regulation issued on Wednesday and effective on May 28. Also excluded are all metal alloys, secondary metals and scrap, ores, metal powders and rolled, drawn or extruded metals and alloys which have not been further fabricated.

The order does affect about 7,000 manufacturing firms which produce thousands of different products including goods made from metal. These companies are to bare their new ceilings on the highest prices charged in the period between April 1 and June 24, 1950, or they may choose instead any one of the three preceding calendar quarters as a base period.

The National Production Authority eased its inventory limits on columbium and tantalum. Maximum stocks now are 45 days' supplies instead of the previous 30 days.

The NPA also relaxed its restrictions on cadmium to allow use of the anti-corrosion metal for certain aircraft and automotive parts in which no suitable substitutes have been found.

Manly Fleischmann, NPA chief, hopes to issue the first orders in the coming week actually instituting the new Controlled Materials Plan for allocating steel, copper and aluminum. The CMP will undertake to portion out these three metals to military and defense supporting users starting on July 1.

Mr. Fleischmann told a news conference the NPA hopes that complete rationing of the metals to all users can be avoided, barring all-out war. Climbing aluminum and steel production by the end of the year will help, he said, but the copper situation is more acute because no significant new production is in sight. He indicated that full allocation of copper might be needed by the end of 1951 if the consumers' scramble for it gets too wild.

LEAD CONTROLS?

Lead producers have completed their allocations for delivery in May and the tonnages are reported to be considerably below what their customers wanted. Defence order priority business was well over anticipations.

Some estimate it ran 30 to 40 per cent of the domestic supply, compared with the 20 per cent set-aside required by the NPA for May lead.

This situation may bring on stricter controls for lead. Some authorities believe the metal may even be put under the Controlled Materials Plan.

No let-up was seen in the urgent demand for zinc. Prices in the foreign market ranged upward from 29 cents a pound, against the quotation here of 17 1/2 cents.

The nation's two largest steel companies told news conferences this week they are getting along all right without manganese from Russia, once the U.S. main source of the essential steel-hardening material.—Associated Press.

Grain Prices
In Chicago

Chicago, Apr. 28.

Prices of grain futures closed here today as follows:-

Wheat—price per bushel

Spot 2.50

May 2.50-1/2

July 2.50-1/2-1/4

September 2.50-1/2-1/4

December 2.50-1/2-1/4

Corn

Spot 1.04-1/4

May 1.04-1/4

July 1.04-1/4

September 1.04-1/4

December 1.04-1/4

Rye

Spot 2.05-3/4-2.00

May 2.05-3/4-2.00

September 2.05-3/4-2.00

December 2.05-3/4-2.00

Oats

May 90-92-1/2

September 90-92-1/2

December 90-92-1/2

New York flour—per 200 lb. sack

13.30—United Press.

Cotton Price

Falters In
New York

New York, Apr. 28.

Cotton future prices faltered today after rising sharply in the previous session. After a steady opening in reduced demands, the market immediately ran into profit-taking with the volume expanding. Nearly May held at the ceiling level of 45.39 cents a pound.

At the close, the market ruled unchanged to 17 points lower. The New Orleans cotton market closed unchanged to 18 points lower. Traders focused their attention on developments on the Korean battlefield.

Today is the last Saturday trading session for the New York Cotton Exchange until Sept. 8. Starting next week and continuing until Oct. 1, the market will defer its daily opening until 10.30 a.m., because of daylight saving time.

Prices closed as follows:-

Spot 40.00

May 43.39

July 45.20

October 46.10

December 46.50

March (1952) 46.50

May 39.37-39.40

July 39.97 nominal

October 37.00 bid

Spot 45.30

May 45.20

July 46.01-46.04

October 46.50-46.50

March (1952) 46.50

May 39.50

July 39.50 bid

October 39.50 bid

Spot United Press.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

Closing rate April 28-

Spot 44.01

May 45.30

July 45.20

October 46.01-46.04

December 46.50-46.50

March (1952) 46.50

May 39.50

July 39.50 bid

October 39.50 bid

Spot United Press.

Textile Market

Caution

New York, Apr. 28.

In the Worth Street cotton

grey goods market all hands

adopted a neutral attitude,

awaiting issuance of the long-

awaited new pricing regulations

by the Office of Price Stabilisation.

The Southern mill workers' strike is now in its fifth week.

It is hoped that the new

pricing order will break the

deadlock which has gripped

trading over since the original

price freeze of Jan. 20. A roll-

back on print cloth fabrics was

expected by a number of

traders.—United Press.

Materials Shortage Critical But Won't Kill Defence Plans Gloomy Forecasts Refuted

(OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, Apr. 29. Any discussion of the raw materials crisis, which this week provided an excuse for the resignation of three members of the Government, is in danger of becoming bogged down in political controversy. The difficulty is, of course, in deciding where the economic argument ends and political bias begins.

What one can answer on purely economic grounds, however, is the argument advanced by Mr Aneurin Bevan that the defence programme is "already dead" because we cannot hope to get raw materials needed to carry it out, and also Mr Harold Wilson's gloomy forecast that "today British industry stands disorganised and threatened by paralysis" because of raw material shortages.

Mr George Strauss, Minister of Supply, attempted to reply to these arguments this week-end. He said nothing had changed since the defence programme was first announced by the Prime Minister three months ago.

This is perfectly true but it is not a very convincing argument. If nothing has happened in the last three months to make the situation worse, it is equally true that nothing has happened to make it any better.

We are still without an assurance of reasonable supplies of raw materials to carry out the defence programme, maintain our exports and provide for the production of the most essential civilian requirements.

It is not surprising, therefore, that the hope that Mr Strauss placed in the outcome of the Washington commodity talks seemed a little tattered round the edges.

But if these talks have not yet produced the results that were expected of them, that is hardly the reason to talk about the defence programme being "already dead." Nor is it evidence to support the charge that British industry "stands disorganised."

The Washington commodity talks have made lamentable progress. They have, to use "The Economist's" words, "put in train a series of statistical exercises all of which may be expected to show that there is a critical shortage of materials." What seems to be lacking is a will to co-operate, and blame for this lies equally on both sides of the Atlantic. Tin and rubber—two of the principal Sterling Area commodities—are not within the scope of the present series of talks but international conferences on both have recently been held. Both failed—not because there was any disagreement on the need to regulate supplies of these commodities but because the differences between producers and consumers on long-term price guarantees could not be reconciled.

BIG FACTOR

The difference between the "shortages" of tin and rubber and the shortages of other essential defence materials is that the former are almost entirely the result of American stockpiling. It may be that the effect of stockpiling on these and other commodities has been exaggerated for political reasons but this is a factor which cannot be left out of account in any discussion of raw material shortages.

But despite all the publicity which has been given to this question of raw material shortages, the fact remains that the British defence programme is far from being dead.

Import figures for raw materials during the first quarter of this year have many encouraging features. We actually increased our imports of vital defence materials as copper, zinc, nickel, chrome, ores, rubber, softwoods, crude petroleum and hard fibres over the corresponding period of last year.

But imports of other essential commodities—lead, tungsten, tin, concentrates, molybdenum, manganese, cobalt—fell sharply. This is certainly not a satisfactory situation and it argues for the need of international action, but it does not paint a picture as black as Messrs. Bevan and Wilson have led many people to believe.

One commodity shortage which does threaten to disrupt the industry is that of sulphur. Dr. Wilson was right to call special attention to it shortly before his resignation. But this week it was announced that America has allocated Britain enough sulphur for the first six months of this year to avert the "unparalleled disaster" envisaged by Mr. Wilson.

The danger might be permanently avoided if plans to economise in the use of sulphur and to develop the substitution of other materials are carried out vigorously and without delay.

These arguments are not an attempt to gloss over what is really a most critical situation facing Britain at the outset of the Korean conflict.

New orders in February were over five times as large as the 1948-49 average, the survey stated. Shortages in materials and manpower were the main factors limiting increased production, it stated.</div



Mail Notices

Registered articles and parcels mails close one hour earlier than the ordinary mail. When mails close on Sundays or before 10 a.m. on any other day, registered articles may be posted earlier at 5 p.m. on the previous day. Mails are closed at Kowloon Post Office one hour earlier than the G.P.O. closing times.

MONDAY, APRIL 30
By Air

Burma, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Europe, 5 p.m. B.O.A.C.

Japan, Korea, 5 p.m. B.O.A.C.

Vietnam, Thailand, U.S.A., Canada, 5 p.m. N.W.A.

Siam, Malaya, 5 p.m. C.P.A.

By Surface

Macao, 3 p.m. via P.M.R.

Taiwan, 3 p.m. via Peter Macmillan

By Air

Portugal, 10 a.m. via C.A.T.

Siam, 5 p.m. P.O.A.S.

Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, 10 a.m. via C.A.T.

Portugal, 10 a.m. via C.A.T.

India-China, France, French North & West Africa, 5 p.m. Air France

By Surface

Macao, 10 a.m. via C.A.T., via Hu

Macau, 5 p.m. via China

Cuba, Peoples Republic, 9:30 a.m. train via Canton

Formosa, 9 a.m. via Wing Sang

Japan, 2 p.m. via Feathers

Indonesia, 5 p.m. via Glenelg

India, Pakistan, 2 p.m. via

Pachchima.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 2
By Air

Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A.

Canada, 9 a.m. via P.A.A.

Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New

Zambia, 10 a.m. via C.A.T.

Portugal, 10 a.m. via C.A.T.

Siam, Burma, India, Pakistan,

Middle East, Africa, Europe, 5 p.m. B.O.A.C.

Guam, 5 p.m. via H.K. Airways

Japan, Korea, 5 p.m. B.O.A.C.

By Surface

Macao, 10 a.m. via H.K.

China, Peoples Republic, 9:30 a.m. train via Canton

THURSDAY, MAY 3
By Air

Siam, Malaya, Indonesia, 5 p.m. via C.P.A.

By Surface

Macao, 2 p.m. via Southway

FRIDAY, MAY 4
By Air

Siam, Malaya, Indonesia, 5 p.m. via

H.K.T.

MONDAY, MAY 7
By Air

Siam, Malaya, Indonesia, 5 p.m. via

H.K.T.

By Surface

Macao, 2 p.m. via Southway

Wednesday, May 12, 1951

Previously it had voted 79 to 12 for the designation as Premier of Mossadegh, leader of the small national bloc which has sowed a whirlwind of warnings of bloodshed unless oil nationalisation goes through.

If named Premier Mossadegh would have only seven seats in the Majlis, or Lower House, disturbances on May Day.

Union parades and meetings traditionally held here on May 1, as in Europe, have been eliminated in Manila this year by mutual agreement in order to forestall any Red demonstration in the capital.

National Defence sources said its field reports failed to mention any large concentrations of Huks in the Manila vicinity.

Within the past few days, but in Pampanga Province, north of the city, Army patrols were increased as a result of a report that Huks in the Zambales Mountains Province made a foray into the central plains.

A delayed report from Isabela

Province in northeastern Luzon said 10 Huks were killed in three encounters on Saturday between dissidents and patrols of the 11th Battalion Combat Team. The largest battle took place near the provincial capital of Isabela City where six members of a band of 50 Huks were slain.—Associated Press.

A Royal Prerogative Usurped

Intervention By Iranian Senate

Teheran, Apr. 29.

The Senate backed up the Lower House today in demanding that a reluctant Shah designate firebrand Mohammed Mossadegh of the oil nationalisation bloc be appointed Premier.

Young Shah Mohammed Reza Pahlavi, though licensed in Parliament's effort to force his hand on a matter of Royal prerogative, called the anti-British, anti-American, anti-Russian Mossadegh to the Palace for a conference. Palace sources said the Shah will bow to the popular will and Mossadegh, a millionaire, is Iran's man-of-the-hour.

The right of designating a Premier to succeed the resigned diplomat, Hussein Ali, is the Shah's alone. But Parliament, in a fever of nationalistic excitement whipped up by assassinations, strikes, violence, a munitions depot explosion and Communist threats growing out of the oil issue, took the bit in its teeth.

SECRET BALLOT

The Senators in a secret ballot approved Mossadegh by the reported score of 29 of the 43 in attendance.

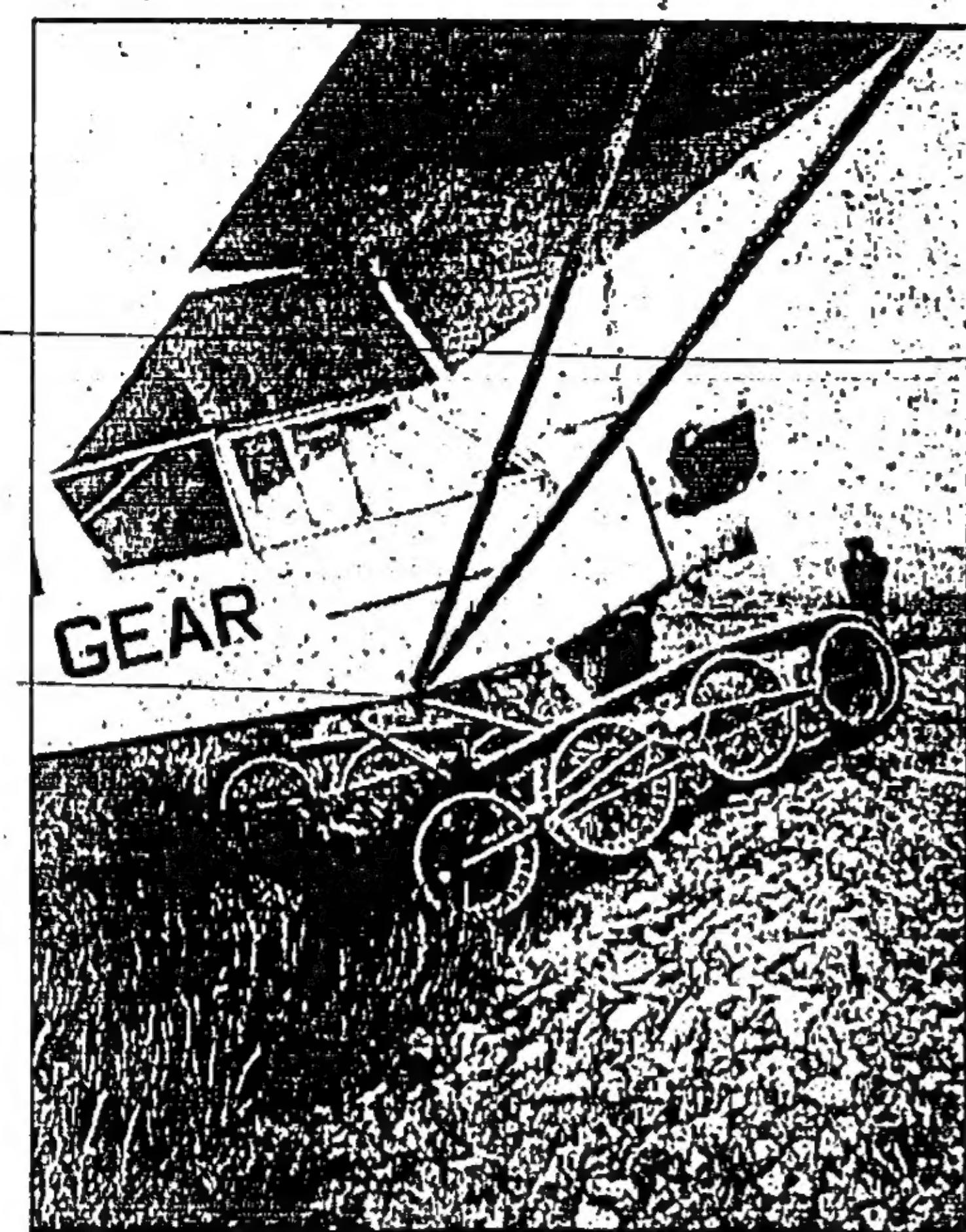
The Senate then proceeded to final legislative action on immediate government ownership of the \$1,500,000 British-owned Anglo-Iranian Oil Company. The Majlis, or Lower House, voted unanimously last night for immediate nationalisation.

Previously it had voted 79 to 12 for the designation as Premier of Mossadegh, leader of the small national bloc which has sowed a whirlwind of warnings of bloodshed unless oil nationalisation goes through.

If named Premier Mossadegh would have only seven seats in the Majlis. The murder early in March of "strong man" Premier General Ali Razmara, who bitterly opposed nationalisation, has produced a terror in the hearts of the deputies; however, The national bloc, always more powerful than its actual numbers, has swept all before it.

Premier Ali resigned on Friday because he refused to take responsibility for carrying out an oil nationalisation act which he believed was hastily devised.—Associated Press.

Answer To A Pilot's Prayer



Taking ditches and stone-heaps in its stride, the tank-track undercarriage of this Piper Cub plane is claimed to be the answer to the pilots' prayers. Designed by Count Giovanni Bonmartini of Italy, the invention was commissioned by the Est Company of Switzerland. The track can be adapted to any size of plane and can be fitted to retractable undercarriages.—AP Picture.

Taking No Chances

Manila, Apr. 30.

The Philippine Army stationed three Battalion Combat Teams around Manila today as a precaution against possible Communist Huks disturbances on May Day.

Union parades and meetings traditionally held here on May 1, as in Europe, have been eliminated in Manila this year by mutual agreement in order to forestall any Red demonstration in the capital.

It is said the Communist authorities anticipate that Nationalist planes will raid these ports when they attack Quiapo.

National Defence sources said its field reports failed to mention any large concentrations of Huks in the Manila vicinity.

Within the past few days, but in Pampanga Province, north of the city, Army patrols were increased as a result of a report that Huks in the Zambales Mountains Province made a foray into the central plains.

A delayed report from Isabela

Province in northeastern Luzon said 10 Huks were killed in three encounters on Saturday between dissidents and patrols of the 11th Battalion Combat Team. The largest battle took place near the provincial capital of Isabela City where six members of a band of 50 Huks were slain.—Associated Press.

All To Go Into Uniforms

For strengthening the defence of the province and preventing sabotage, the Military Defence Council in Kwangtung will call a public meeting on May 15. The Council will discuss the present harassing situation with the public, says a Chinese press report.

The purpose of this meeting is to urge people to take up arms either by joining the regular army or the People's militia unit, and to impress upon them their duty to their country.

The report adds that it is the intention of the Chinese Communists to see all the common people are in uniform.

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE ANSWERS

1. Los Angeles, Calif. 2,000 feet. 3. The clock in the Westminster clock tower, Houses of Parliament, London, England.

4. It is on the west coast of Africa. 5. The theory of relativity. 6. The song-thrush.

INTELLIGENCE TEST SOLUTION:

Or the 48 letters, Y are E. This suggests that it may be E, and that suggests E is T. On this hypothesis we have 16 of the letters taken away. The helpful clue is FIREMAN AND FIRE FIGHTER.

STUDY ON THE BURNING DEATH WHENCE ALL BUT HE HAD FLED.

—Reuter.

Soldier's Unhappy Marriage

Said To Have Led To Bigamy

Richard Buck, 26, Corporal, of 16 Infantry Workshop, REME, Hongkong, was ordered to be bound over for one year in \$500 by Mr Latimer at Central this morning on a charge of bigamy.

The case was conducted by Mr R. H. Woodhead, ADCI, Hongkong assisted by Dr. Sub-Insp. R. G. Laurel, O.C. Anti-Robbery Squad.

Prosecuting, Mr Woodhead said that defendant had been serving as a soldier in the British Army and was married to Agnes Bates at St Michael Church in Manchester in June, 1935. It had been confirmed from the Manchester Police that his wife was still alive and defendant had recently communicated with her.

In June 1940, defendant was posted to his unit to Hongkong and later became acquainted with a local Chinese girl, Miss Daisy Ma Mai-ying, a waitress of the Allied Cafe in Kowloon, and they became very friendly.

On December 9, last year, defendant with his wife, as well as his wife, was formally married at the Supreme Court.

Mr Woodhead then pointed out that for his Worship's information the defendant's first marriage had not been very successful.

Defendant was married in June 1935 to Agnes Bates at St. Michael Church and both of them stayed in his mother's home. Later they moved to their own home at Anderson Shaw and both of them were working.

Defendant was then a civil post as a decorator in a certain firm. He had been working overtime and had little time for pleasure. It was agreed between them that what they had earned should be put in a common pool; however, his wife was going on complainant lost consciousness and the Prosecutor left for his relatives.

Defendant also stated that in 1937, after they had moved into another house, their daughter Irene was born, and for this reason his wife was not able to work and he was then compelled to put in more hours of overtime. It was during this period that their marriage deteriorated.

NOT HIS CHILD

In February 1939, defendant was called back to the Forces and was serving in France, Gibraltar and Malta. While he was serving in Malta, he received a message from his wife that she was going to have a baby. He applied for leave to go home and discovered that the child was not his. He was then advised by the Officer commanding to apply for divorce but he did not do so in the hope that after the war there might have a successful reunion.

For three months after their reunion in 1943 defendant found his life was happy, but again the attitude of his wife changed and so he rejoined another unit. In 1945 defendant volunteered for overseas service and went to Belgium. He stated the reason he had volunteered was because of his unhappy married life.

Policemen had forbidden the Huks to march completely unclothed through the city, or to take elephants with them in their procession.

Carrying flaming torches, they moved over a four-mile route lined with more than half a million people.

As the Sadhus, fearsome figures in the flickering torchlight, passed slowly by, the crowds chanted the names of Hindu deities. Many prostrated themselves in the dust to kiss the sadhus' feet; others showered flowers and rose water on the holy men's near-naked bodies.

The holy men were making a peace procession designed to save the world from the horrors of a new war.

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Carrying flaming torches, they moved over a four-mile route lined with more than half a million people.

As the Sadhus, fearsome figures in the flickering torchlight, passed slowly by, the crowds chanted the names of Hindu deities. Many prostrated themselves in the dust to kiss the sadhus' feet; others showered flowers and rose water on the holy men's near-naked bodies.

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WOMAN NEWSVENDOR ATTACKED

Two Men Charged At Sessions

The story of an early morning attack on, and robbery of a licensed newspaper vendor, who, as was her daily custom, was on her way to collect newspapers from the South China Morning Post, Ltd., was told when two men appeared on trial before the Senior Puisne Judge, Mr Justice Gould, in the Criminal Sessions this morning, on an indictment of robbery with aggravation.

The accused are Ip King-chun, 28, and Tang Yau, and they are alleged, together with another not in custody, to have robbed Ho Chu of a gold finger ring, a gold necklace and \$150 in cash on February 16 last.

Mr A. Hooton, Crown Counsel, is conducting the case for the Prosecution. Accused are